Planning Commission Staff Report

November 14, 2016



Case No: 16zone1026

Request: Change in zoning from R-4 to R-5A and OR-1

on 1.90 acres with a variance and waivers

Project Name: Taylor Cove

Location: 4208 Taylorsville Road
Owner: Teulu Homes LLC
Applicant: Teulu Homes LLC

Representative: Gresham Smith and Partners; Anthony Waits

Jurisdiction: Louisville Metro Council District: 11-Kevin Kramer

Case Manager: Julia Williams, RLA (IN), AICP, Planning

Supervisor

REQUEST

- Change in zoning from R-4 to R-5A and OR-1
- Variance from 5.3.1.C.5 to reduce the required 15' setback along the east property line to 12'. (3' Variance)
- Waivers:
 - 1. Waiver from 10.2.4.A to permit parking and a sidewalk to encroach into the 15' LBA between OR-1 and R-5A zoning and to eliminate the required 6' screen.
 - 2. Waiver from 10.2.4. A to permit the encroachment of a drive lane into the 15' LBA along the east property line.
 - 3. Waiver from 10.2.4.B to allow a utility easement to encroach into an LBA along the west property line by more than 50%.
- Detailed District Development Plan

CASE SUMMARY/BACKGROUND/SITE CONTEXT

The applicant is proposing to change the zoning to OR-1 around a portion of the site that has an existing residential structure. The rest of the site is proposed to be zoned R-5A for 3 multi-family residential buildings. 3 4 unit 2-story multi-family structures are proposed. 10 parking spaces are proposed for the office building and 30 spaces are provided for the residential proposal (15 surface, 15 garage). R-5A permits 12.01 du/ac while OR-1 permits 34.84 du/ac.

LAND USE/ZONING DISTRICT/FORM DISTRICT TABLE

	Land Use	Zoning	Form District
Subject Property			
Existing	Single Family Residential	R-4	N
Proposed	Commercial/Multi-Family	OR-1/R-5A	N
Surrounding Properties			
North	Single Family Residential	R-4	N
South	Single Family Residential	R-4	N
East	Single Family Residential	R-4	N
West	Single Family Residential	R-4	N

PREVIOUS CASES ON SITE

INTERESTED PARTY COMMENTS

Please see attachments for interested party comments.

APPLICABLE PLANS AND POLICIES

Cornerstone 2020 Land Development Code

STANDARD OF REVIEW FOR REZONING

Criteria for granting the proposed form district change/rezoning: KRS Chapter 100.213

- 1. The proposed form district/rezoning change complies with the applicable guidelines and policies Cornerstone 2020; **OR**
- 2. The existing form district/zoning classification is inappropriate and the proposed classification is appropriate; **OR**
- 3. There have been major changes of an economic, physical, or social nature within the area involved which were not anticipated in Cornerstone 2020 which have substantially altered the basic character of the area.

STAFF ANALYSIS FOR REZONING

Following is staff's analysis of the proposed rezoning against the Guidelines and Policies of Cornerstone 2020.

The site is located in the Neighborhood Form District

The Neighborhood Form is characterized by predominantly residential uses that vary from low to high density and that blend compatibly into the existing landscape and neighborhood areas. High-density uses will be limited in scope to minor or major arterials and to areas that have limited impact on the low to moderate density residential areas.

The Neighborhood Form will contain diverse housing types in order to provide housing choice for differing ages and incomes. New neighborhoods are encouraged to incorporate these different housing types within a neighborhood as long as the different types are designed to be compatible with nearby land uses. These types may include, but not be limited to large lot single family developments with cul-de-sacs, neotraditional neighborhoods with short blocks or walkways in the middle of long blocks to connect with other streets, villages and zero lot line neighborhoods with open space, and high density multi-family condominium-style or rental housing.

The Neighborhood Form may contain open space and, at appropriate locations, civic uses and neighborhood centers with a mixture of uses such as offices, retail shops, restaurants and services. These neighborhood centers should be at a scale that is appropriate for nearby neighborhoods. The Neighborhood Form should provide for accessibility and connectivity between adjacent uses and neighborhoods by automobile, pedestrian, bicycles and transit.

Neighborhood streets may be either curvilinear, rectilinear or in a grid pattern and should be designed to invite human interaction. Streets are connected and easily accessible to each other, using design elements such as short blocks or bike/walkways in the middle of long blocks to connect with other streets. Examples of design elements that encourage this interaction include narrow street widths, street trees, sidewalks, shaded seating/gathering areas and bus stops. Placement of utilities should permit the planting of shade trees along both sides of the streets.

41% of the site is in existing tree canopy where 0% is being preserved as TCPA. Prior to the formal application of the change in zoning vegetation was removed from the site and dirt dumped and spread on the site. It is unclear how this has affected the natural features on the property.

The proposal has one entrance to the site and does not share access or parking with the adjacent low density single family uses. Parking is located at the rear of the site. The proposal is served by all types of vehicles along Taylorsville Road due to the existing bike lane. A sidewalk is also proposed along the frontage to accommodate pedestrians and transit users. The proposal is a non-residential expansion into a low density single family residential area. Buffers and setbacks are being provided. Traffic will enter/exit to/from a major arterial. The proposal is for a medium density zoning districts but is located on a multi-modal major arterial and in the vicinity of other similar or more intense zoning. Building setbacks and buffers are being met on the site with the exception of an internal landscape buffer waiver and the encroachment of a drive lane 3' into a setback along the east property line. All landscape requirements along the site perimeter will be met on the site to mitigate the transition from medium density residential to the adjacent low density residential. The proposed building heights are more compatible with the existing 2 story building heights that can be found in the residential along Taylorsville Road than the 1 story ranch style homes found in the adjacent Houston Acres.

All other agency comments should be addressed to demonstrate compliance with the remaining Guidelines and Policies of Cornerstone 2020.

A checklist is attached to the end of this staff report with a more detailed analysis. The Louisville Metro Planning Commission is charged with making a recommendation to the Louisville Metro Council regarding the appropriateness of this zoning map amendment. The Louisville Metro Council has zoning authority over the property in question.

STANDARD OF REVIEW AND STAFF ANALYSIS FOR DDP

- a. <u>The conservation of natural resources on the property proposed for development, including: trees and other living vegetation, steep slopes, water courses, flood plains, soils, air quality, scenic views, and historic sites;</u>
 - STAFF: There do not appear to be any environmental constraints on the subject site. The existing 1907 constructed home is being preserved and reused as an office. Tree canopy requirements of the Land Development Code will be provided on the subject site.
- b. The provisions for safe and efficient vehicular and pedestrian transportation both within the development and the community;
 - STAFF: Provisions for safe and efficient vehicular and pedestrian transportation within and around the development and the community has been provided and Metro Public Works has approved the preliminary development plan.
- c. <u>The provision of sufficient open space (scenic and recreational) to meet the needs of the proposed development;</u>
 - STAFF: Open space requirements of the Land Development Code are being met on the site.
- d. <u>The provision of adequate drainage facilities on the subject site in order to prevent drainage problems</u> from occurring on the subject site or within the community;
 - STAFF: The Metropolitan Sewer District has approved the preliminary development plan and will ensure the provision of adequate drainage facilities on the subject site in order to prevent drainage problems from occurring on the subject site or within the community.

Published Date: November 3, 2016 Page 3 of 18 16zone1026

e. <u>The compatibility of the overall site design (location of buildings, parking lots, screening, landscaping)</u> and land use or uses with the existing and projected future development of the area;

STAFF: The overall site design and land uses are compatible with the existing and future development of the area. Appropriate landscape buffering and screening will be provided to screen adjacent properties and roadways. Buildings meet all required setbacks.

f. Conformance of the development plan with the Comprehensive Plan and Land Development Code.

STAFF: The development plan generally conforms to applicable guidelines and policies of the Comprehensive Plan and to requirements of the Land Development Code.

STANDARD OF REVIEW AND STAFF ANALYSIS FOR VARIANCE

(a) The requested variance will not adversely affect the public health, safety or welfare.

STAFF: The requested variance will not adversely affect the public health, safety or welfare since the encroachment is being mitigated by the compliance with the landscape requirements within the buffer.

(b) The requested variance will not alter the essential character of the general vicinity.

STAFF: The requested variance will not alter the essential character of the general vicinity since the encroachment is to accommodate a driveway and the landscape buffering will still be met along the property line with the encroachment.

(c) The requested variance will not cause a hazard or nuisance to the public.

STAFF: The requested variance will not cause a hazard or nuisance to the public since the encroachment is to accommodate a driveway and the landscape buffering will still be met along the property line with the encroachment.

(d) The requested variance will not allow an unreasonable circumvention of the zoning regulations.

STAFF: The requested variance will not allow an unreasonable circumvention of the zoning regulations since the proposed driveway encroachment will still allow for the required screening and planting materials in the LBA to be installed.

ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS:

1. <u>The requested variance arises from special circumstances which do not generally apply to land in the general vicinity or the same zone.</u>

STAFF: The requested variance arises from special circumstances which do not generally apply to land in the same zone as this variance arises from the applicant wanting to preserve existing trees in an island that separates an existing driveway from a proposed drive lane.

2. The strict application of the provisions of the regulation would deprive the applicant of the reasonable use of the land or create an unnecessary hardship on the applicant.

STAFF: The strict application of the regulation would deprive the applicant of reasonable use of the land since the buffer requirements along the driveway will be met and the encroachment is due to an effort to preserve trees.

Published Date: November 3, 2016 Page 4 of 18 16zone1026

3. The circumstances are the result of actions of the applicant taken subsequent to the adoption of the zoning regulation from which relief is sought.

STAFF: The circumstances are the result of action of the applicant taken subsequent to the adoption of the zoning regulations from which relief is sought.

STANDARD OF REVIEW AND STAFF ANALYSIS FOR WAIVER 10.2.4.

to permit parking and a sidewalk to encroach into the 15' LBA between OR-1 and R-5A zoning and to eliminate the required 6' screen

(a) The waiver will not adversely affect adjacent property owners; and

STAFF: The waiver will not adversely affect adjacent property owners since the waiver is interior to the site and on the same lot.

(b) The waiver will not violate specific guidelines of Cornerstone 2020; and

STAFF: Guideline 3, Policy 9 of Cornerstone 2020 calls for protection of the character of residential areas, roadway corridors and public spaces from visual intrusions and mitigation when appropriate. Guideline 3, Policies 21 and 22 call for appropriate transitions between uses that are substantially different in scale and intensity or density, and mitigation of the impact caused when incompatible developments occur adjacent to one another through the use of landscaped buffer yards, vegetative berms and setback requirements to address issues such as outdoor lighting, lights from automobiles, illuminated signs, loud noise, odors, smoke, automobile exhaust or other noxious smells, dust and dirt, litter, junk, outdoor storage, and visual nuisances. Guideline 3, Policy 24 states that parking, loading and delivery areas located adjacent to residential areas should be designed to minimize impacts from noise, lights and other potential impacts, and that parking and circulation areas adjacent to streets should be screened or buffered. Guideline 13, Policy 4 calls for ensuring appropriate landscape design standards for different land uses within urbanized, suburban, and rural areas. Guideline 13, Policy 6 calls for screening and buffering to mitigate adjacent incompatible uses. The intent of landscape buffer areas is to create suitable transitions where varying forms of development adjoin, to minimize the negative impacts resulting from adjoining incompatible land uses, to decrease storm water runoff volumes and velocities associated with impervious surfaces, and to filter airborne and waterborne pollutants. The preservation of the existing home for an office and the proposed multi-family are compatible uses on the same lot. Buffers are being provided where the zoning is adjacent to lower density uses.

(c) The extent of the waiver of the regulation is the minimum necessary to afford relief to the applicant; and

STAFF: The extent of the waiver of the regulation is the minimum necessary to afford relief to the applicant since the waiver is interior to the site and the residential character will be maintained on the site.

(d) Either:

(i) The applicant has incorporated other design measures that exceed the minimums of the district and compensate for non-compliance with the requirements to be waived (net beneficial effect); OR
 (ii) The strict application of the provisions of the regulation would deprive the applicant of the reasonable use of the land or would create an unnecessary hardship on the applicant.

STAFF: The strict application of the provisions of the regulation would deprive the applicant of the reasonable use of the land or would create an unnecessary hardship on the applicant since the waiver is interior to the site and the residential character will be maintained on the site.

Published Date: November 3, 2016 Page 5 of 18 16zone1026

STANDARD OF REVIEW AND STAFF ANALYSIS FOR WAIVER 10.2.4.

to permit the encroachment of a drive lane into the 15' LBA along the east property line

(a) The waiver will not adversely affect adjacent property owners; and

STAFF: The waiver will not adversely affect adjacent property owners since the planting and screening requirements will still be met on site.

(b) The waiver will not violate specific guidelines of Cornerstone 2020; and

STAFF: Guideline 3, Policy 9 of Cornerstone 2020 calls for protection of the character of residential areas, roadway corridors and public spaces from visual intrusions and mitigation when appropriate. Guideline 3, Policies 21 and 22 call for appropriate transitions between uses that are substantially different in scale and intensity or density, and mitigation of the impact caused when incompatible developments occur adjacent to one another through the use of landscaped buffer yards, vegetative berms and setback requirements to address issues such as outdoor lighting, lights from automobiles, illuminated signs, loud noise, odors, smoke, automobile exhaust or other noxious smells, dust and dirt, litter, junk, outdoor storage, and visual nuisances. Guideline 3, Policy 24 states that parking, loading and delivery areas located adjacent to residential areas should be designed to minimize impacts from noise, lights and other potential impacts, and that parking and circulation areas adjacent to streets should be screened or buffered. Guideline 13, Policy 4 calls for ensuring appropriate landscape design standards for different land uses within urbanized, suburban, and rural areas. Guideline 13, Policy 6 calls for screening and buffering to mitigate adjacent incompatible uses. The intent of landscape buffer areas is to create suitable transitions where varying forms of development adjoin, to minimize the negative impacts resulting from adjoining incompatible land uses, to decrease storm water runoff volumes and velocities associated with impervious surfaces, and to filter airborne and waterborne pollutants. The site will be compatible since the planting and screening requirements will still be met on site.

(c) The extent of the waiver of the regulation is the minimum necessary to afford relief to the applicant; and

STAFF: The extent of the waiver of the regulation is the minimum necessary to afford relief to the applicant since the planting and screening requirements will still be met on site.

(d) Either:

(i) The applicant has incorporated other design measures that exceed the minimums of the district and compensate for non-compliance with the requirements to be waived (net beneficial effect); OR
 (ii) The strict application of the provisions of the regulation would deprive the applicant of the reasonable use of the land or would create an unnecessary hardship on the applicant.

STAFF: The strict application of the provisions of the regulation would deprive the applicant of the reasonable use of the land or would create an unnecessary hardship on the applicant since the planting and screening requirements will still be met on site.

Published Date: November 3, 2016 Page 6 of 18 16zone1026

STANDARD OF REVIEW AND STAFF ANALYSIS FOR WAIVER 10.2.4.

to allow a utility easement to encroach more than 50% into the landscape buffer area

(a) The waiver will not adversely affect adjacent property owners; and

STAFF: The waiver will not adversely affect adjacent property owners since the planting and screening requirements will still be met on site.

(b) The waiver will not violate specific guidelines of Cornerstone 2020; and

STAFF: Guideline 3, Policy 9 calls for protection of the character of residential areas, roadway corridors and public spaces from visual intrusions and mitigation when appropriate. Guideline 3, Policies 21 and 22 call for appropriate transitions between uses that are substantially different in scale and intensity or density, and to mitigate the impact caused when incompatible developments occur adjacent to one another through the use of landscaped buffer yards, vegetative berms and setback requirements to address issues such as outdoor lighting, lights from automobiles, illuminated signs, loud noise, odors, smoke, automobile exhaust or other noxious smells, dust and dirt, litter, junk, outdoor storage, and visual nuisances. Guideline 3, Policy 24 states that parking, loading and delivery areas located adjacent to residential areas should be designed to minimize noise, lights and other potential impacts, and that parking and circulation areas adjacent to streets should be screened or buffered. Guideline 13, Policy 4 calls for ensuring appropriate landscape design standards for different land uses within urbanized, suburban, and rural areas. The intent of landscape buffer areas is to create suitable transitions where varying forms of development adjoin, to minimize the negative impacts resulting from adjoining incompatible land uses, to decrease storm water runoff volumes and velocities associated with impervious surfaces, and to filter airborne and waterborne pollutants. The intent of the landscape buffer will still be met since the planting and screening requirements will still be met on site.

(c) The extent of the waiver of the regulation is the minimum necessary to afford relief to the applicant; and

STAFF: The extent of the waiver of the regulation is the minimum necessary to afford relief to the applicant since the easement overlap is due to a detention basin that will help drainage on the site and since the planting and screening requirements will still be met on site.

(d) Either:

(i) The applicant has incorporated other design measures that exceed the minimums of the district and compensate for non-compliance with the requirements to be waived (net beneficial effect); OR
 (ii) The strict application of the provisions of the regulation would deprive the applicant of the reasonable use of the land or would create an unnecessary hardship on the applicant.

STAFF: The strict application of the provisions of the regulation would deprive the applicant of the reasonable use of the land or would create an unnecessary hardship on the applicant since the planting and screening requirements will still be met on site.

TECHNICAL REVIEW

Technical review comments have been addressed.

STAFF CONCLUSIONS

Prior to the formal application of the change in zoning vegetation was removed from the site and dirt dumped and spread on the site. It is unclear how this has affected the natural features on the property such as if karst features existed.

While this site is surrounded by R-4 single family zoned sites the corridor from McMahan Boulevard to Lowe Road has mixed intensity/density office zoning. The existing OR-3 zoning to the west of the site permits a mix of high density multi-family (for example, 217 1-bedroom dwellings per acre) while OR-2 permits 58.08 du/ac.

The proposal generally complies with the guidelines of the Comprehensive Plan and requirements of the Land Development Code.

Based upon the information in the staff report, the testimony and evidence provided at the public hearing, the Planning Commission must determine if the proposal is in conformance with the Comprehensive Plan; OR the existing form district/zoning classification is inappropriate and the proposed classification is appropriate; OR if there have been major changes of an economic, physical, or social nature within the area involved which were not anticipated in Cornerstone 2020 which have substantially altered the basic character of the area.

NOTIFICATION

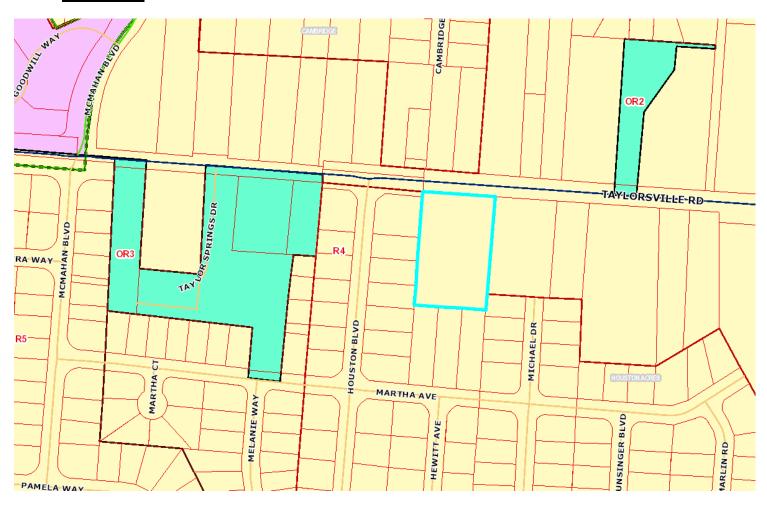
Date	Purpose of Notice	Recipients
9/29/16		1 st and 2 nd tier adjoining property owners Subscribers of Council District 11 Notification of Development Proposals
10/31/16		1 st and 2 nd tier adjoining property owners Subscribers of Council District 11 Notification of Development Proposals
10/28/16	Hearing before PC	Sign Posting on property
11/2/16	Hearing before PC	Legal Advertisement in the Courier-Journal

ATTACHMENTS

- 1. Zoning Map
- 2. Aerial Photograph
- 3. Cornerstone 2020 Staff Checklist
- 4. Proposed Binding Elements

Published Date: November 3, 2016 Page 8 of 18 16zone1026

1. Zoning Map



2. <u>Aerial Photograph</u>



3. Cornerstone 2020 Staff Checklist

- + Exceeds Guideline
- ✓ Meets Guideline
- Does Not Meet Guideline
- +/- More Information Needed
- NA Not Applicable

Neighborhood: Non-Residential

#	Cornerstone 2020 Plan Element	Plan Element or Portion of Plan Element	Staff Finding Staff Comments	
1	Community Form/Land Use Guideline 1: Community Form	B.3: The proposal is a neighborhood center with a mixture of uses such as offices, retail shops, restaurants and services at a scale that is appropriate for nearby neighborhoods.	✓	The change in zoning is not located in a center nor does it create a new center. The proposal is for OR-1which permits a mix of office and residential uses at a scale that is appropriate for neighborhoods.
2	Community Form/Land Use Guideline 1: Community Form	B.3: If the proposal is high intensity, it is located on a major or minor arterial or an area with limited impact on low to moderate intensity residential uses.	✓	The proposal is not a high intensity zoning district but is located on a major arterial. The proposal is located in an area with limited impact on the low density single family residential uses located adjacent to the site. Buffers and setbacks along the property lines shared with
3	Community Form/Land Use Guideline 2: Centers	A.1/7: The proposal, which will create a new center, is located in the Neighborhood Form District, and includes new construction or the reuse of existing buildings to provide commercial, office and/or residential use.	✓	The proposal does not create a new center in the NFD. The proposal is for the reuse of an existing structure for an office use and the rest of the site to be used for multifamily.
4	Community Form/Land Use Guideline 2: Centers	A.3: The proposed retail commercial development is located in an area that has a sufficient population to support it.	NA	The proposal is not for commercial development.
5	Community Form/Land Use Guideline 2: Centers	A.4: The proposed development is compact and results in an efficient land use pattern and cost-effective infrastructure investment.	✓	The proposal is compact and is located in an area where it creates an efficient land use pattern because there is other more intense office zoning in the vicinity. The proposal is cost effective for infrastructure because it is low intensity and will utilize the existing Taylorsville Road infrastructure.
6	Community Form/Land Use Guideline 2: Centers	A.5: The proposed center includes a mix of compatible land uses that will reduce trips, support the use of alternative forms of transportation and encourage vitality and sense of place.	√	The proposal is for a mix of compatible uses (office and residential) that could reduce trips. Transit is available along Taylorsville. Sidewalks are being proposed to support alternate forms of transportation. There are bike lanes along Taylorsville Road.
7	Community Form/Land Use Guideline 2: Centers	A.6: The proposal incorporates residential and office uses above retail and/or includes other mixed-use, multi-story retail buildings.	✓	The proposal is for new multi-story residential structures and the re-use of an existing home for an office use.
8	Community Form/Land Use Guideline 2: Centers	A.12: If the proposal is a large development in a center, it is designed to be compact and multi-purpose, and is oriented around a central feature such as a public square or plaza or landscape element.	NA	The proposal is not a large development.

#	Cornerstone 2020 Plan Element	Plan Element or Portion of Plan Element	Staff Finding Staff Comments		
9	Community Form/Land Use Guideline 2: Centers	A.13/15: The proposal shares entrance and parking facilities with adjacent uses to reduce curb cuts and surface parking, and locates parking to balance safety, traffic, transit, pedestrian, environmental and aesthetic concerns.	✓	The proposal has one entrance to the site and does not share access or parking with the adjacent low density single family uses. Parking is located at the rear of the site.	
10	Community Form/Land Use Guideline 2: Centers	A.14: The proposal is designed to share utility hookups and service entrances with adjacent developments, and utility lines are placed underground in common easements.	✓	The site is not located adjacent to any developments where utilities could be shared.	
11	Community Form/Land Use Guideline 2: Centers	A.16: The proposal is designed to support easy access by bicycle, car and transit and by pedestrians and persons with disabilities.	✓	The proposal is served by all types of vehicles along Taylorsville Road due to the existing bike lane. A sidewalk is also proposed along the frontage to accommodate pedestrians and transit users.	
12	Community Form/Land Use Guideline 3: Compatibility A.2: The proposed building materials increase the new development's compatibility.		√	Building materials will be similar to those found in the area.	
13	A.4/5/6/7: The proposal does not constitute a non-residential expansion into an existing residential area, or demonstrates that despite such an expansion, impacts on existing residences (including traffic, parking, signs, lighting, noise, odor and stormwater) are appropriately mitigated.		√	The proposal is a non-residential expansion into a low density single family residential area. Buffers and setbacks are being provided. Traffic will enter/exit to/from a major arterial.	
14	Community Form/Land Use Guideline 3: Compatibility	A.5: The proposal mitigates any potential odor or emissions associated with the development.	✓	APCD has no issues with the proposal.	
15	Community A.6: The proposal mitigates any adverse impacts of its associated		√	Transportation Planning has no issues with the traffic.	
16	Community Form/Land Use Guideline 3: Compatibility A.8: The proposal mitigates adverse impacts of its lighting on nearby properties, and on the night sky.		√	Lighting will be LDC compliant.	
17	Community Form/Land Use Guideline 3: Compatibility	A.11: If the proposal is a higher density or intensity use, it is located along a transit corridor AND in or near an activity center.	✓	The proposal is for a medium density zoning districts but is located on a multi-modal major arterial and in the vicinity of other similar or more intense zoning.	

#			Staff Finding	Staff Comments	
18	Community Form/Land Use Guideline 3: Compatibility	A.21: The proposal provides appropriate transitions between uses that are substantially different in scale and intensity or density of development such as landscaped buffer yards, vegetative berms, compatible building design and materials, height restrictions, or setback requirements.	✓	Building setbacks and buffers are being met on the site with the exception of an internal landscape buffer waiver and the encroachment of a drive lane 3' into a setback along the east property line. All landscape requirements along the site perimeter will be met on the site to mitigate the transition from medium density residential to the adjacent low density residential. The proposed building heights are more compatible with the existing 2 story building heights that can be found in the residential along Taylorsville Road than the 1 story ranch style homes found in the adjacent Houston Acres.	
19	Community Form/Land Use Guideline 3: Compatibility	A.22: The proposal mitigates the impacts caused when incompatible developments unavoidably occur adjacent to one another by using buffers that are of varying designs such as landscaping, vegetative berms and/or walls, and that address those aspects of the development that have the potential to adversely impact existing area developments.	✓	Building setbacks and buffers are being met on the site with the exception of an internal landscape buffer waiver and the encroachment of a drive lane 3' into a setback along the east property line. All landscape requirements along the site perimeter will be met on the site to mitigate the transition from medium density residential to the adjacent low density residential. The proposed building heights are more compatible with the existing 2 story building heights that can be found in the residential along Taylorsville Road than the 1 story ranch style homes found in the adjacent Houston Acres.	
20	Community Form/Land Use Guideline 3: Compatibility A.23: Setbacks, lot dimensions and building heights are compatible with those of nearby developments that meet form district standards.		Building setbacks and buffers are being met on the site with the exception of an internal landscape buffer waiver and the encroachment of a drive lane 3' into a setback along the east property line. All landscape requirements along the site perimeter will be met on the site to mitigate the transition from medium density residential to the adjacent low density residential. The proposed building heights are more compatible with the existing 2 story building heights that can be found in the residential along Taylorsville Road than the 1 story ranch style homes found in the adjacent Houston Acres.		
21	Community Form/Land Use Guideline 3: Compatibility A.24: Parking, loading and delivery areas located adjacent to residential areas are designed to minimize adverse impacts of lighting, noise and other potential impacts, and that these areas are located to avoid negatively impacting motorists, residents and pedestrians.		✓	Landscape buffer areas separate any proposed parking from the adjacent residential.	
22	Community Form/Land Use Guideline 3: Compatibility	A.24: The proposal includes screening and buffering of parking and circulation areas adjacent to the street, and uses design features or landscaping to fill gaps created by surface parking lots. Parking areas and garage doors are oriented to the side or back of buildings rather than to the street.	✓	Landscape buffer areas separate any proposed parking from the adjacent residential.	
23	Community Form/Land Use Guideline 3: Compatibility	A.25: Parking garages are integrated into their surroundings and provide an active, inviting street-level appearance.	✓	Garages are faced away from the roadway and are oriented internal to the site.	
24	Community Form/Land Use Guideline 3: Compatibility	A.28: Signs are compatible with the form district pattern and contribute to the visual quality of their surroundings.	✓	Signs will meet LDC requirements.	

#	Cornerstone 2020 Plan Element	Plan Element or Portion of Plan Element	Staff Finding	Staff Comments
25	Community Form/Land Use Guideline 4: Open Space	A.2/3/7: The proposal provides open space that helps meet the needs of the community as a component of the development and provides for the continued maintenance of that open space.	√	Open space is provided on the site at the front and rear of the site. The rear open space is a detention basin that will help control the drainage issues on the site.
26	Community Form/Land Use Guideline 4: Open Space	A.4: Open space design is consistent with the pattern of development in the Neighborhood Form District.	✓	The open space along Taylorsville Road is in front of the proposed multi-family structures and provides a setback that is consistent with the open space and setbacks of other residential structures along Taylorsville Road.
27	Community Form/Land Use Guideline 4: Open Space	A.5: The proposal integrates natural features into the pattern of development.	-	41% of the site is in existing tree canopy where 0% is being preserved as TCPA.
28	Community Form/Land Use Guideline 5: Natural Areas and Scenic and Historic Resources	A.1: The proposal respects the natural features of the site through sensitive site design, avoids substantial changes to the topography and minimizes property damage and environmental degradation resulting from disturbance of natural systems.	-	41% of the site is in existing tree canopy where 0% is being preserved as TCPA. Prior to the formal application of the change in zoning vegetation was removed from the site and dirt dumped and spread on the site. It is unclear how this has affected the natural features on the property.
29	Community Form/Land Use Guideline 5: Natural Areas and Scenic and Historic Resources	A.2/4: The proposal includes the preservation, use or adaptive reuse of buildings, sites, districts and landscapes that are recognized as having historical or architectural value, and, if located within the impact area of these resources, is compatible in height, bulk, scale, architecture and placement.	√	The site is potentially eligible for the National Register. The National Register properties are eligible for both Federal and State historic rehabilitation tax credit depending upon use and proposed project. Proposed new construction is on the rear of the lot behind the 1907 residence and maintains the context of the house on the front portion of the lot.
30	Community Form/Land Use Guideline 5: Natural Areas and Scenic and Historic Resources	A.6: Encourage development to avoid wet or highly permeable soils, severe, steep or unstable slopes with the potential for severe erosion.	√	The soils on the site are not an issue.
31	Marketplace Guideline 6: Economic Growth and Sustainability	A.3: Encourage redevelopment, reinvestment and rehabilitation in the downtown where it is consistent with the form district pattern.	NA	The proposal is not located in a downtown.
32	Marketplace Guideline 6: Economic Growth and Sustainability	A.4: Encourage industries to locate in industrial subdivisions or adjacent to existing industry to take advantage of special infrastructure needs.	NA	The proposal is not for industrial.
33	Marketplace Guideline 6: Economic Growth and Sustainability	A.6: Locate retail commercial development in activity centers. Locate uses generating large amounts of traffic on a major arterial, at the intersection of two minor arterials or at locations with good access to a major arterial and where the proposed use will not adversely affect adjacent areas.	NA	The proposal is not for retail development.

#	Cornerstone 2020 Plan Element	Plan Element or Portion of Plan Element	Staff Finding	Staff Comments	
34	Marketplace Guideline 6: Economic Growth and Sustainability	A.8: Require industrial development with more than 100 employees to locate on or near an arterial street, preferably in close proximity to an expressway interchange. Require industrial development with less than 100 employees to locate on or near an arterial street.	NA	The proposal is not for industrial.	
35	Mobility/Transportation Guideline 7: Circulation	A.1/2: The proposal will contribute its proportional share of the cost of roadway improvements and other services and public facilities made necessary by the development through physical improvements to these facilities, contribution of money, or other means.	√	No roadway improvements are necessary with the proposal. A sidewalk is being constructed across the frontage.	
36	Mobility/Transportation Guideline 7: Circulation	A.3/4: The proposal promotes mass transit, bicycle and pedestrian use and provides amenities to support these modes of transportation.	✓	A sidewalk is being constructed across the frontage to accommodate pedestrians and transit users. An existing bike lane is available along Taylorsville Road.	
37	Mobility/Transportation Guideline 7: Circulation	A.6: The proposal's transportation facilities are compatible with and support access to surrounding land uses, and contribute to the appropriate development of adjacent lands. The proposal includes at least one continuous roadway through the development, adequate street stubs, and relies on cul-de-sacs only as short side streets or where natural features limit development of "through" roads.	√	The adjacent properties are single family residential and the proposal does not indicate connections to these low density sites.	
38	Mobility/Transportation Guideline 7: Circulation	A.9: The proposal includes the dedication of rights-of-way for street, transit corridors, bikeway and walkway facilities within or abutting the development.	✓	Additional right of way is not necessary.	
39	Mobility/Transportation Guideline 7: Circulation	A.10: The proposal includes adequate parking spaces to support the use.	✓	Adequate parking is available on the site.	
40	Mobility/Transportation Guideline 7: Circulation	A.13/16: The proposal provides for joint and cross access through the development and to connect to adjacent development sites.	✓	There are no adjacent development sites in the area.	
41	Mobility/Transportation Guideline 8: Transportation Facility Design	A.8: Adequate stub streets are provided for future roadway connections that support and contribute to appropriate development of adjacent land.	√	Future connections to the adjacent single family residential are not appropriate as the adjacent properties are not appropriate for development.	

#	Cornerstone 2020 Plan Element	Plan Element or Portion of Plan Element	Staff Finding	Staff Comments
42	Mobility/Transportation Guideline 8: Transportation Facility Design	A.9: Avoid access to development through areas of significantly lower intensity or density if such access would create a significant nuisance.	√	The proposal is not providing access to the single family residential that is adjacent to the site.
43	Mobility/Transportation Guideline 8: Transportation Facility Design	A.11: The development provides for an appropriate functional hierarchy of streets and appropriate linkages between activity areas in and adjacent to the development site.	√	No new roadways are proposed.
44	Mobility/Transportation Guideline 9: Bicycle, Pedestrian and Transit	A.1/2: The proposal provides, where appropriate, for the movement of pedestrians, bicyclists and transit users around and through the development, provides bicycle and pedestrian connections to adjacent developments and to transit stops, and is appropriately located for its density and intensity.	✓	A sidewalk is being constructed across the frontage to accommodate pedestrians and transit users. An existing bike lane is available along Taylorsville Road.
45	Livability/Environment Guideline 10: Flooding and Stormwater	The proposal's drainage plans have been approved by MSD, and the proposal mitigates negative impacts to the floodplain and minimizes impervious area. Solid blueline streams are protected through a vegetative buffer, and drainage designs are capable of accommodating upstream runoff assuming a fully-developed watershed. If streambank restoration or preservation is necessary, the proposal uses best management practices.	✓	MSD has no issues with the proposal.
46	Livability/Environment Guideline 12: Air Quality	The proposal has been reviewed by APCD and found to not have a negative impact on air quality.	✓	APCD has no issues with the proposal.
47	Livability/Environment Guideline 13: Landscape Character	A.3: The proposal includes additions and connections to a system of natural corridors that can provide habitat areas and allow for migration.	✓	There are no known natural corridors in the area. The open space portions of the site along the frontage and rear of the site could provide a connection to habitat areas.
48	Community Facilities Guideline 14: Infrastructure	A.2: The proposal is located in an area served by existing utilities or planned for utilities.	√	Existing utilities serve the site.
49	Community Facilities Guideline 14: Infrastructure	A.3: The proposal has access to an adequate supply of potable water and water for fire-fighting purposes.	√	Adequate water is available to the site.

#	Cornerstone 2020 Plan Element	Plan Element or Portion of Plan Element	Staff Finding	Staff Comments
50	Community Facilities Guideline 14: Infrastructure	A.4: The proposal has adequate means of sewage treatment and disposal to protect public health and to protect water quality in lakes and streams.	√	The health department has no issues with the proposal.

4. **Proposed Binding Elements**

- 1. The development shall be in accordance with the approved district development plan, all applicable sections of the Land Development Code (LDC) and agreed upon binding elements unless amended pursuant to the Land Development Code. Any changes/additions/alterations of any binding element(s) shall be submitted to the Planning Commission or the Planning Commission's designee for review and approval; any changes/additions/alterations not so referred shall not be valid.
- 2. The development shall not exceed 2,420 square feet of gross floor area for the office use.
- 3. No outdoor advertising signs, small freestanding signs, pennants, balloons, or banners shall be permitted on the site.
- 4. Construction fencing shall be erected when off-site trees or tree canopy exists within 3' of a common property line. Fencing shall be in place prior to any grading or construction to protect the existing root systems from compaction. The fencing shall enclose the entire area beneath the tree canopy and shall remain in place until all construction is completed. No parking, material storage or construction activities are permitted within the protected area.
- 5. Before any permit (including but not limited to building, parking lot, change of use, site disturbance, alteration permit or demolition permit) is requested:
 - a. The development plan must receive full construction approval from Develop Louisville, Louisville Metro Public Works and the Metropolitan Sewer District.
 - b. Encroachment permits must be obtained from the Kentucky Department of Transportation, Bureau of Highways.
 - c. The property owner/developer must obtain approval of a detailed plan for screening (buffering/landscaping) as described in Chapter 10 prior to requesting a building permit. Such plan shall be implemented prior to occupancy of the site and shall be maintained thereafter.
 - d. A Tree Preservation Plan in accordance with Chapter 10 of the LDC shall be reviewed and approved prior to obtaining approval for site disturbance.
- 6. A certificate of occupancy must be received from the appropriate code enforcement department prior to occupancy of the structure or land for the proposed use. All binding elements requiring action and approval must be implemented prior to requesting issuance of the certificate of occupancy, unless specifically waived by the Planning Commission.
- 7. There shall be no outdoor music (live, piped, radio or amplified) or outdoor entertainment or outdoor PA system permitted on the site.
- 8. The applicant, developer, or property owner shall provide copies of these binding elements to tenants, purchasers, contractors, subcontractors and other parties engaged in development of this site and shall advise them of the content of these binding elements. These binding elements shall run with the land and the owner of the property and occupant of the property shall at all times be responsible for compliance with these binding elements. At all times during development of the site, the applicant and

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0.	rendering as presented at the Nover	mber 14, 2016 P	lanning Commission	meeting.	doprotod iii uit
9.	The materials and design of propo				
	developer, their neirs, successors; a engaged in development of the site,				

Published Date: November 3, 2016 Page 18 of 18 16zone1026