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COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY LOUISVILLE METRO GOVERNMENT JEFFERSON COUNTY

#### IN THE MATTER OF REMOVAL PROCEEDINGS AGAINST DISTRICT 21 COUNCILMAN DAN JOHNSON

#### RESPONDENT'S MOTION FOR

#### SEPARATION OF WITNESSES

#### (RESPONDENT'S MOTION NO. 4)

Comes now the Respondent herein, Hon. Daniel Johnson, District 21 Louisville Metro Councilman, by counsel, and respectfully moves the Louisville Metro Council Court to enter the following Order. The undersigned hereby certifies that copies hereof were mailed and emailed to the following individuals on October 16, 2017:

Hon. H. Stephen Ott
Clerk, Louisville Metro Council
City Hall, 601 West Jefferson Street
Louisville, Kentucky 40202
Stephen.Ott@louisvillekv.gov

Hon. Deborah K. Kent Deborah Kent Law Office Suite 211 120 Sears Avenue Louisville, Kentucky 40207-5072 dkent@twc.com Hon. Mike O'Connell Jefferson County Attorney Jefferson Hall of Justice 600 West Jefferson Street Louisville, Kentucky 40202 Mike.O'Connell@louisvilleky.gov

Respectfully submitted,

Thomas A. McAdam, III, Attorney for Respondent 2950 Breckenridge Lane, Suite 9 Louisville, Kentucky 40220 (502) 584-7255 FAX: 585-2025

thomas@mcadam.com KBA: 45200

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# MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT OF

IN THE MATTER OF REMOVAL PROCEEDINGS AGAINST DISTRICT 21 COUNCILMAN DAN JOHNSON

### RESPONDENT'S MOTION FOR

#### **SEPARATION OF WITNESSES**

### (RESPONDENT'S MOTION NO. 4)

Comes now the Respondent herein, Hon. Daniel Johnson, District 21 Louisville Metro Councilman, by counsel, and respectfully moves the Louisville Metro Council Court to enter the following Order, directing the separation of witnesses at the Removal Hearing scheduled herein.

- (1) Rule 16 of the Louisville Metro Council Removal Hearing Rules and Procedures provides that "Procedural and evidentiary rules will be those generally accepted in Kentucky for administrative proceedings."
- (2) The problem with this reference, of course, is that Kentucky is the only state in the Union without a uniform code of administrative hearing procedures. In 1992, the Kentucky Legislative Research Commission published Research Memorandum No. 461:

  Report on Uniform Administrative Hearing Procedures, by Michael Greer. On Page 8 of the Research Memorandum, Mr. Greer describes the computer search the LRC performed on all of Kentucky's statutes and administrative regulations:

Through this statute search, a total of 450 different hearing processes was identified, encompassing 1,089 statutes. Of these 450 processes, 265 are processes of state agencies in the executive branch of government. Of the remaining, 7 are legislative branch hearings, 57 are judicial hearings, and 121 related to hearings conducted by various jurisdictions of local government.

Needless to say, there is wide variation in the approach to procedural due process followed by Kentucky administrative agencies.

(3) Nevertheless, Kentucky has always followed the dictates of procedural due process required by the Fourteenth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution, which guarantees all citizens due process and equal protection of law:

No state shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

Section 2 of the Kentucky Constitution has been interpreted by the Kentucky courts as conveying the same basic rights of due process as contained in the federal Fourteenth Amendment. Section 2 provides:

Absolute and arbitrary power over the lives, liberty, and property of free men exists nowhere in a republic, not even in the largest majority.

Out of this has evolved a constitutional right to procedural due process which applies to the conduct of administrative hearings, and, perforce, this removal hearing before the Louisville Metro Council's Court.

(4) The separation of witnesses rule, in judicial and administrative tribunals, exists to prevent a witness from having an opportunity to be schooled by the testimony of others. KRE 615 makes the exclusion mandatory and removes the separate of witnesses from the trial judge's discretion in the absence of one of the enumerated exceptions. Smith v.

Miller, 127 S.W.3d 644 (Ky. 2004). KRE 615, Exclusion of Witnesses, provides: At the request of a party the court shall order witnesses excluded so that they cannot hear the testimony of other witnesses and it may make the order on its own motion. This rule does not authorize exclusion of: (1) A party who is a natural person; (2) An officer or employee of a party which is not a natural person designated as its representative by its attorney; or (3) A person whose presence is shown by a party to be essential to the presentation of the party's cause. Once the rule is invoked, counsel is responsible to ensure that all witnesses remain outside the courtroom until they testify. It is advisable for the court to instruct the witnesses not to discuss the case or their testimony with one another until all witnesses have testified. This is particularly important because KRE 615 does not prevent the interaction of witnesses outside the courtroom. Woodard v. Commonwealth, 219 S.W.3d 723 (Ky. 2007). This rule, however, should not restrict the lawyers from discussing testimony with witnesses before they testify. Reams v Stutler, 642 S.W.2d. 586 (Ky. 1982). If the rule is violated, the court has broad discretion to decide whether a witness violating the rule should be permitted to testify. Sanders v. Drane, 432 S.W.2d. 54 (Ky. 1968).

Respectfully submitted,

Thomas A. McAdam, III, Attorney for Respondent

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### ORDER FOR SEPARATION OF WITNESSES

IN THE MATTER OF REMOVAL PROCEEDINGS AGAINST DISTRICT 21 COUNCILMAN DAN JOHNSON

### (RESPONDENT'S MOTION NO. 4)

Motion having been made, and the Louisville Metro Council Court being otherwise sufficiently advised, it is hereby Ordered:

- 1. Witnesses called to testify in The Matter of Removal Proceedings Against District 21 Councilman Dan Johnson shall be separated from the hearing, and shall remain separated until after they give testimony. No such witness shall be allowed to hear the testimony of any witness appearing earlier in the proceeding.
- 2. While separated, and at all times prior to giving testimony, witnesses are ordered to refrain from listening to, or watching the proceedings on television. Witnesses are ordered to refrain from discussing the matters which are the subject of the proceedings with each other, or with any other person, except that they may discuss their testimony with any of the parties hereto or their respective counsel.
- 3. Subsequent to giving testimony, witness shall be permitted to remain in the hearing chambers, and may view the proceedings on television, or via video recording.
- 4. This Order shall apply to all members of the Charging Committee; except that one (1) member of the Charging Committee may participate in all proceedings and advise the Committee's counsel.

1	5. This Order shall not apply to the Respondent, and shall not apply to any member
2	of the Louisville Metro Council Court who may be called as a witness by either party.
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