

# Historic Landmarks and Preservation Districts Commission

# **Report to The Committee**

To: Cherokee Triangle Architectural Review Committee

Thru: Cynthia Elmore, Historic Preservation Officer From: Bradley Fister, Historic Preservation Specialist

Date: September 29, 2020

Case No: 20-COA-0177
Classification: Committee Review

**GENERAL INFORMATION** 

**Property Address:** 2111 Cherokee Pkwy.

**Applicant:** Tom Curtin

2111 Cherokee Pkwy. Louisville, KY 40204 (502) 387-5824 tgcurtin@gmail.com

Owner: Same as Applicant

**Contractor:** Dean Sherrard

S&S Ranch Contractors LLC.

364 Highwater Rd.

Shepherdsville, KY 40165

(502) 593-7157 (502) 543-5814

Estimated Project Cost: \$18,800.00

#### **Description of proposed exterior alteration:**

The applicant is seeking approval to construct a 38' limestone retaining wall at the front of the property. The proposed wall would be a maximum height of 14" at the left corner of the front property line and rise to approximately 31" in height at the right corner of the property line in order to follow the natural grade along Cherokee Pkwy.

#### **Communications with Applicant, Completion of Application**

The application was received on August 31, 2020 and assigned to a case manager on September 7, 2020. Staff spoke to applicant several times to determine the maximum height of the retaining wall. Once applicant agreed to not exceed 14" in

Case #: 20-COA-0177-CT Page 1 of 4 height, it was determined the retaining wall could be approved at staff level based on previous approval of similar height walls in the district. The project was approved by Staff on September 15, 2020. Staff was contacted by applicant on September 17, 2020 to request the case go to the Cherokee Triangle Architectural Review Committee in order to seek approval for the height of the wall to be extended to approximately 31" in height to match the change in the grade.

#### **FINDINGS**

#### **Guidelines**

The following design review guidelines, approved for the Cherokee Triangle Preservation District, are applicable to the proposed exterior alteration: **Site.** The report of the Commission Staff's findings of fact and conclusions with respect to these guidelines is attached to this report.

The following additional findings are incorporated in this report:

#### Site Context/ Background

The subject property is zoned R5B in the Traditional Neighborhood Form District. The house is located four lots north of the intersection of Cherokee Rd. and Cherokee Pkwy. The home is a circa 1905, two-and-a-half-story, Victorian style wood frame home, clad with brick.

#### **Conclusions**

The proposed changes to the property generally meet the **Site** Design Guidelines for the Cherokee Triangle Preservation District. There are examples of historic and modern retaining walls along this section of Cherokee Parkway, however there has not been a retaining wall at this property historically. The low height of this wall will preserve most of the topography of the front yard while helping to stabilize the slope.

#### Recommendation

On the basis of the information furnished by the applicant, the application for a Certificate of Appropriateness is **recommended with the following conditions:** 

- 1. The retaining wall shall not exceed 31" in height.
- 2. If the design or material changes, the applicant shall contact staff for review and approval.

Bradley Fister	09/29/2020
Bradley Fister	Date
Historic Preservation Specialist	

## SITE

### **Design Guideline Checklist**

- Meets Guidelines
- Does Not Meet Guidelines
- +/- Meets Guidelines with Conditions as Noted
- NA Not Applicable
- NSI Not Sufficient Information

	Guideline	Finding	Comment
ST1	Consider the relationships that exist between the site and structure when making exterior alterations. Changes to one will affect the other. A primary goal should be to maintain a complementary relationship.		The proposed retaining wall will not affect the structure in a negative way.
ST2	Retain established property line patterns and street and alley widths. Any replatting should be consistent with original development patterns.	NA	
ST3	Use paving materials that are compatible with adjacent sites and architectural character.	NA	
ST4	Restore and reuse historic paving materials for streets and sidewalks such as brick and hexagonal pavers and limestone curbing. Maintain original curbing whenever possible. The historic relationship between the road surface and edging should be preserved. Any replacement should use historic materials. If replacement with original materials is not technically or economically feasible, a substitute material may be used if it duplicates the color, texture, and visual appearance of the original.	NA	
ST5	Maintain brick, stone, or poured concrete steps wherever present. If replacement is required, original materials should be used. New construction should incorporate steps on blocks where they are a character-defining feature.	NA	
ST6	Do not harm historic resources through road widening or underground utility repair.	NA	
ST7	Locate driveways, parking areas, and loading docks to the side and rear of properties. Access from alleys is preferred.	NA	
ST8	Maintain original front yard topography, including grades, slopes, elevations, and earthen berms where present. New construction should match the grade of adjacent properties. Do not recontour front-yard berms into stepped terraces, using railroad ties, landscape timbers, or any other historically-inappropriate material for retaining walls.	+	The proposed 31" maximum height retaining wall would not change the topography of the front lawn.
ST9	Do not carry out excavations or regrading within or adjacent to a historic building, which could cause the foundation to shift or destroy significant archeological resources.	NA	
ST10	Do not install masonry walls in street-visible locations unless they are used to retain earth at changes in grade, screen service areas, or unless a historic precedent exists.	+/-	The wall would be to retain soil of existing landscaping. There is no historic precedent for a wall at this house, but there is precedent on the street.

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ST11	Use materials that match existing sections of historic	
0.11	fencing in material, height, and detail when carrying out	
	limited replacement projects. If an exact match cannot be	
	made, a simplified design is appropriate.	NA NA
ST12	Use materials that match the existing character of the	
3112	original when replacing retaining walls or curbing. If an	
	exact match cannot be made, a simplified design is	
	appropriate.	NA
6746	Install only historically-compatible iron fencing under 2'-5"	
ST13	in height where there is demonstrable historic precedent.	NA
		IVA
ST14	Do not install front-yard fencing where there is no historic	NA
	precedent.	NA
ST15	Install any rear- or side-yard privacy fencing so that it is set	
	back from the side wall at least two feet and presents the	
	finished side out. Any privacy fencing should be less than	
	seven feet in height. Contact the Department of	
	Inspections, Permits, and Licenses regarding additional	
	restrictions on fencing at corner properties.	NA
ST16	Do not install chain-link, split-rail, or woven-wood fencing,	
3110	or concrete block walls in areas that are visible from a	
	public way. Opaque fencing, such as painted or stained	
	pressure-treated wood, may be permitted with appropriate	
	design.	NA
CT47	Use understated fixtures when installing any type of	
ST17	exterior lighting. Fixture attachment should be done so as	
	not to damage historic fabric. Fixtures should not become a	
	visual focal point.	NA
		IVA
<b>ST18</b>	Do not light parking areas or architectural features in a	
	harsh manner. Generally, an average illumination level of	
	1.5 to 2.0 foot-candles will be sufficient. Light should be	NA
	directed down and away from neighboring properties.	NA
ST19	Parking lots of a certain size should have a portion of the	
	parking area dedicated to plantings that will soften the	
	expanse of paving. See the Jefferson County Development	
	Code - Requirements for Landscaping and Land Use Buffers	
	for specific requirements.	NA
ST20	Use high-pressure sodium or metal halide lights to create a	
0.1_0	soft illumination where site or streetscape lighting is	
	desired.	NA
ST21	Position fixtures, such as air conditioning units, satellite	
3121	dishes, greenhouse additions, and overhead wiring, on	
	secondary elevations where they do not detract from the	
	character of the site. Try to minimize noise levels to	
	adjacent properties.	NA
ST22	Preserve large trees whenever possible and enhance	
3122	established street tree patterns by planting additional trees	
	along public rights-of-way. Consult the city arborist to	
	determine what tree species are suitable for placement	
	near overhead wires. Select and place street trees so that	
	the plantings will not obscure historic storefronts once	
	mature. Removal of trees within or immediately adjacent	
	to a public right-of-way or within public open spaces	
	requires review unless directed by the city arborist for	
	emergency or public safety reasons.	NA
CTCC	Ensure that all proposed cellular towers and associated	
ST23	fixtures will be properly screened from view.	NA
C=2 -	and the property serverice from view.	
ST24	Install utility lines underground whenever possible.	NA