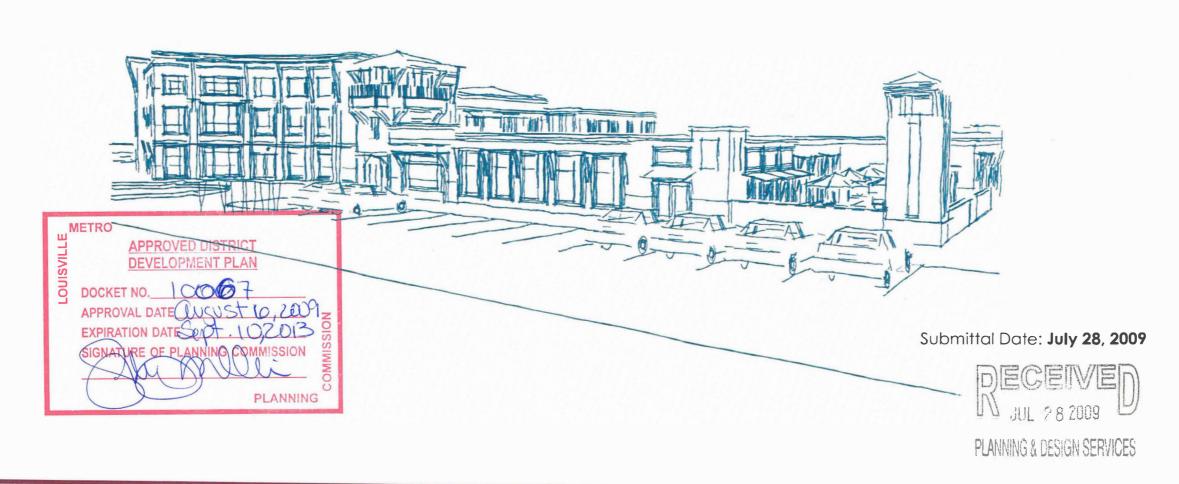


## NOTICE

PERMITS SHALL BE ISSUED
ONLY IN CONFORMANCE
WITH THE BINDING ELEMENTS

OF THIS DISTRICT

Louisville, KentuckyVEL OPMENT PLAN.



# Design Team

Owner:

Hurstbourne Property Group, LLC 15510 Champion Lakes Place Louisville, KY 40245

Architect:



Forza Architecture, Inc. 654 South Shelby Street, Suite 301 Louisville, KY 40202

Landscape Architect & Civil Engineering:



Mindel, Scott & Associates, Inc. 5151 Jefferson Blvd. Louisville, KY 40219 Attorney:



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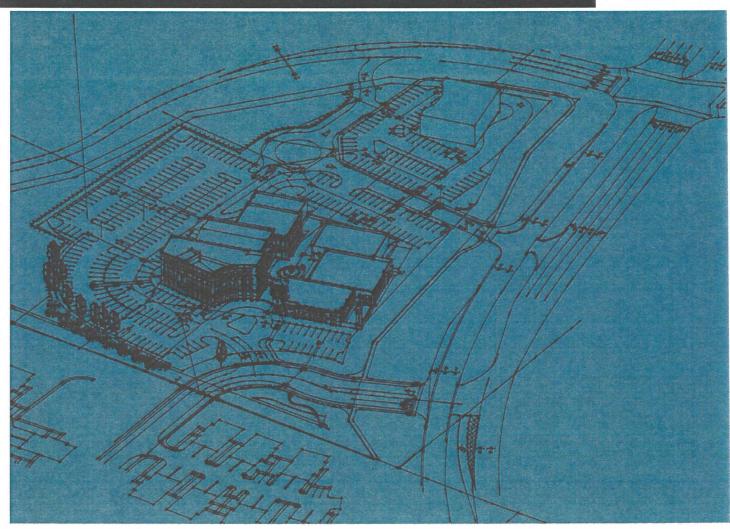
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Conceptual Aerial View Looking NE

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## a. SITE

Located in the southeast Jefferson county corridor of S. Hurstbourne Parkway and South Watterson Trail, Pear Hill Smithy is a unique commercial development designed to acknowledge the historical significance of the blacksmith previously located on the site and give the area a distinct identity.

By providing a blend of retail and office uses, services and dining to a growing area, Pear Hill Smithy provides a distinctive sense of place and neighborhood pride. The center also serves as a neighborhood gathering area as well as a benchmark for future development along this portion of the parkway.

## b. **HISTORY**

Around the turn of the 19th century, the subject property was owned by Nicholas J. Westerman, the son of immigrants from Baiern in present day Germany.<sup>1</sup> Nicholas and his wife, Kate E., were both born in Kentucky just before the Civil War.<sup>2</sup> He and Kate married in about 1882,<sup>3</sup> and the 1900 census shows Nicholas, Kate, and their four children, John, George, Virginia, and Minnie, residing in Fern Creek. Louisville Title Company's Atlas of Louisville and Jefferson County (1913) identifies three parcels owned by Nicholas J. Westerman on either side of Meddis Lane (now known as S. Watterson Trail) and extending northward to the south bank of Little Fern Creek. Nicholas was a "truck farmer," which was the term used for a farmer who raised fruits and vegetables for market.<sup>4</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 1880 U.S. Census, Jefferson County, Kentucky; viewed at. www.ancestry.com

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Kentucky Birth Records, 1852-1910; viewed at www.ancestry.com

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> 1900 U.S. Census, Jefferson County, Kentucky; viewed at.www.ancestry.com

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See "Truck farmer", defined at <a href="http://ca.encarta.msn.com/dictionary">http://ca.encarta.msn.com/dictionary</a> 1861722194/truck farmer.html (accessed: November 07, 2008).

James L. Mason, the 84-year old grandson of Nicholas J. and Kate E. Westerman, still lives in the Fern Creek area. In a telephone interview on November 2, 2008, he recalled that the Westerman farmstead was very hilly, contained a 3-story wood-framed house with weatherboarding built into the hill, and a barn for the hogs and cows. Mules were used to plow the fields. The crops that were raised, which included strawberries and vegetables, were driven in "Granddad's 1918/1920 Model T truck" to the Haymarket in downtown Louisville for sale. On Sundays, Nicholas, who was very religious, would drive the family in his 1926 Model T Ford car to Fairview Christian Church.

Nicholas and Kate Westerman's oldest son, John H. Westerman is identified in the 1910 census as a 26-year old blacksmith. In 1921, Nicholas Westerman deeded 20 acres of his property on the south side of Meddis Lane to John.<sup>5</sup> John and his wife, Margaret, who never had any children,<sup>6</sup> lived in a smaller house at 5902 S. Watterson Trail. James Mason confirmed that his Uncle John ran a very busy blacksmith shop called Pear Tree Smithy well into the 1950's. The shop sat at the top of the hill and had an old hand-driven manual forge. John Westerman would shoe horses and mules, and also made and sharpened tools for the farmers in the area. James Mason fondly recalled helping his Uncle John in the blacksmith shop when he was 8 or 10 years old. "He was busy all the time. He could do anything with metal."

## C. PROPOSED LAND USE

With an overall total square footage of 125,000, Pear Hill Smithy is a bold, new, open air, friendly complex rich in amenities and architecture that interprets the unique heritage and traditions of Louisville. Pear Hill Smithy is a truly exciting experience showcasing specialty stores, boutiques, shops, restaurants, cafes and a bold lifestyle concept.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Source: Jefferson County Clerk's records, Louisville, Kentucky, Deed Book 985, Page 320

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Telephone interview with James L. Mason, November 2, 2008.

## a. OFFICE/RETAIL BUILDING DESCRIPTIONS

Two and three-story mixed-use buildings (45' maximum height) designed to help establish a backdrop for the development as well as an entry to the central piazza area. A separate three-story building would be located away from the main development close to the S. Watterson Trail and S. Hurstbourne Parkway intersection.

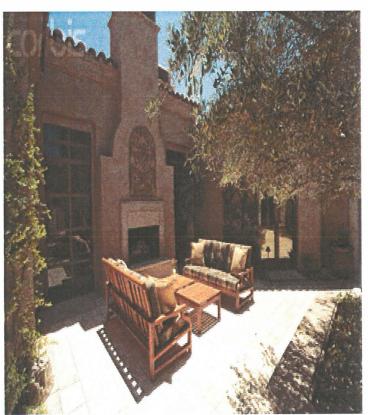
The taller buildings are closer to adjacent neighbors in an effort to buffer activity and noise.

These buildings would have occupancies that have typical 8:00AM to 7:00 PM operating hours, thereby minimizing noise and impact on adjacent neighboring properties.

## **b. RESTAURANT/ RETAIL BUILDING DESCRIPTIONS**

One-story restaurant and retail buildings located towards the front of the development closest to S. Hurstbourne Parkway. These buildings are situated farthest away from the adjacent neighbors and help to form the second half of the central piazza space.

These buildings allow for outdoor dining & fireplaces in the piazza space as well as facing S. Hurstbourne Parkway. The location of these buildings also allows for frequent in and out traffic to be closer to the entrances into the development.



## a. Introduction

#### <u>The following uses shall be permitted in the PD (Planned Development) District:</u>

Accessory buildings or uses: those uses which are subordinate, customary and incidental to the primary use, provided that, if a use is customary only in a less restrictive zone, and is of a magnitude that may generate significant impacts, it shall not be an accessory use Antique shops

Art gallery

Artist studio

Athletic facilities including Yoga and Pilates.

Automobile parking areas, public and private

Bakeries, retail (all products produced to be sold on the premises only)

Banks, credit unions, and similar financial institutions

with a drive-thru

Barber or beauty shops

Bicycle sales and service

Bookstores

Catering kitchen/bakery preparing food and meals for sale or consumption elsewhere

Clothing, dry goods and notions stores

Clubs, private, non-profit or proprietary

Colleges, schools and institutions of learning

Computer sales (hardware and software) and programming services

Confectionery, ice cream or candy stores, retail; no more than 50% of the floor area shall be used for production of food items for off premises sale



Convenience and specialty grocery stores

Dance instruction (excludes adult entertainment uses as defined within LMCO Chapter 11)

Day care centers, day nurseries, nursery schools and kindergartens

Drug stores

Dwelling, Multiple family – maximum density of 17.42 dwelling units per acre

Dwelling, Single-family

Dwelling, Two-family

Electric appliance stores

Engraving, jewelry manufacturing and watchmaking where products are sold on premises

Establishments holding a retail malt beverage license, distilled spirits or wine retail package license but that do not allow consumption on the premises

Florist shops

Furniture stores

Farmer's market

Grocery stores, including fruit, meat, fish, and vegetable

Hardware and paint stores

Health spas

Home occupations

Interior decorating shops

Jewelry stores

Laundering and dry cleaning pick-up shops

Libraries, museums, historical buildings and grounds and art galleries

Medical laboratories

Music and vocal instructions

Music stores

Office, business, professional, medical, and governmental community centers

Pet grooming, obedience training and related pet activities, provided the operation is conducted within

a soundproofed building, no animals are boarded, and there are no runs or pens outside of the building.

Pet shops

Photocopying, duplicating, paper folding, mail processing and related services

Photographic shops

Photography studios

Picture framing

Printing, lithographing, or publishing establishments, if constructed to insure that there is no noise or vibration evident outside the walls of the buildings

Public utility office

Radio and television stores

Restaurants, tea rooms and cafes, including restaurants with drive thru facilities and restaurants where food and drink (including alcohol) may be served or consumed outside as well as inside a building

Saddle and harness shops

Shoe repair shops

Shoe stores

Stationery stores

Tailor and dress making shop

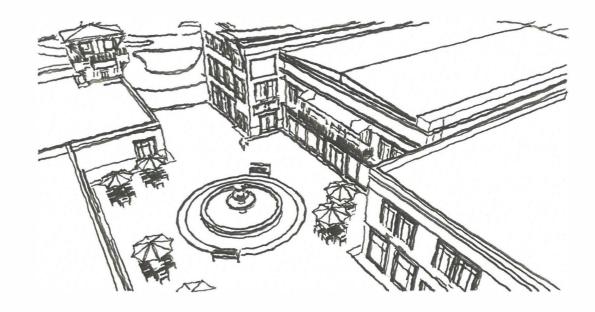
Tanning salons

Temporary buildings, the uses of which are incidental to construction operations being conducted on the same or adjoining lot or tract, and which shall be removed upon completion or abandonment of such construction, or upon the expiration of a period of two years from the time of erection of such temporary buildings, whichever is sooner Toy and hobby stores

Training School, provided all training activities are located within a building Variety stores

Veterinary hospital, provided the operation is conducted within a soundproofed building, no animals are boarded, and there are no runs or pens outside of the building

Wearing apparel shops



### <u>The following uses are prohibited in the PD (Planned Development) District:</u>

Adult entertainment
Automobile Sales
Automobile service stations
Car washes
Check cashing businesses
Flea market
Funeral homes
Garage or yard sale
Pawn shop
Plasma, blood collection centers, for profit
Tattoo, body art, and piercing parlors



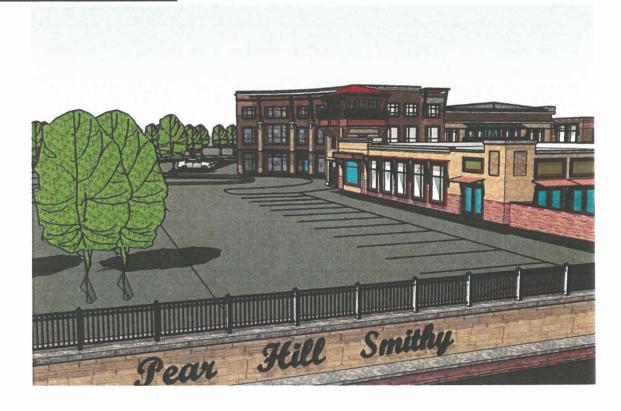
## b. Land Use & Dimensional Requirements

	LAND USE CATEGORY TABLE								
	AREA Ac.	PROP. ZONE	EXISTING/ PROPOSED FORM DISTRICT	PROPOSED USES	MAX. BLDG. HT.	MAX. BUILDING S.F.	MAX. F.A.R.	PARKING SPACES MIN./MAX. REQ'TS.	
SECTION 1	7.62	PD	NEIGHBORHOOD	RETAIL, PROFESSIONAL AND MEDICAL OFFICE	45'	125,000 S.F.	0.40	WILL MEET CHAPTER 9 PART 1 TABLE 9.1.1 LDC REQUIREMENTS *	
SECTION 2	2.26	PD	NEIGHBORHOOD	LANDSCAPE BUFFER	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
SECTION 3	0.29	N/A	NEIGHBORHOOD	DEDICATED R.O.W.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	

<sup>\*</sup> TOWER (FOCAL POINT BUILDING HEIGHT) = 4 STORY
\* ADA SPACES SHALL BE PROVIDED PER REGULATIONS

DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS					
SITE AREA	SETBACK REQUIREMENTS				
NORTH / EAST PROPERTY LINE (ALONG WATTERSON TRAIL)	MINIMM SETBACK 10' MAXIMUM SETBACK 80'				
SOUTH PROPERTY LINE (ALONG HURSTBOURNE PARKWAY)	MINIMUM SETBACK 10' MAXIMUM SETBACK 80'				
WEST PROPERTY LINE	MINIMUM SETBACK 10' MAXIMUM SETBACK 80'				

PARKWAY BUFFER AND LANDSCAPE BUFFER AREAS SHALL BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE





## a. Pedestrian & Bicycle Access

Sidewalks will be constructed along the entire S. Hurstbourne Parkway property frontage and also along the developed portion of S. Watterson Trail. Sidewalk connections into the site are proposed for both internal roadways from S. Hurstbourne Parkway providing connections to both portions of the developed site as well as a sidewalk to the westerly residential property. Sidewalks will connect directly to the internal piazza/plaza. Bicycle stations will be located at entrances to the piazza area.

## b. Vehicular Access

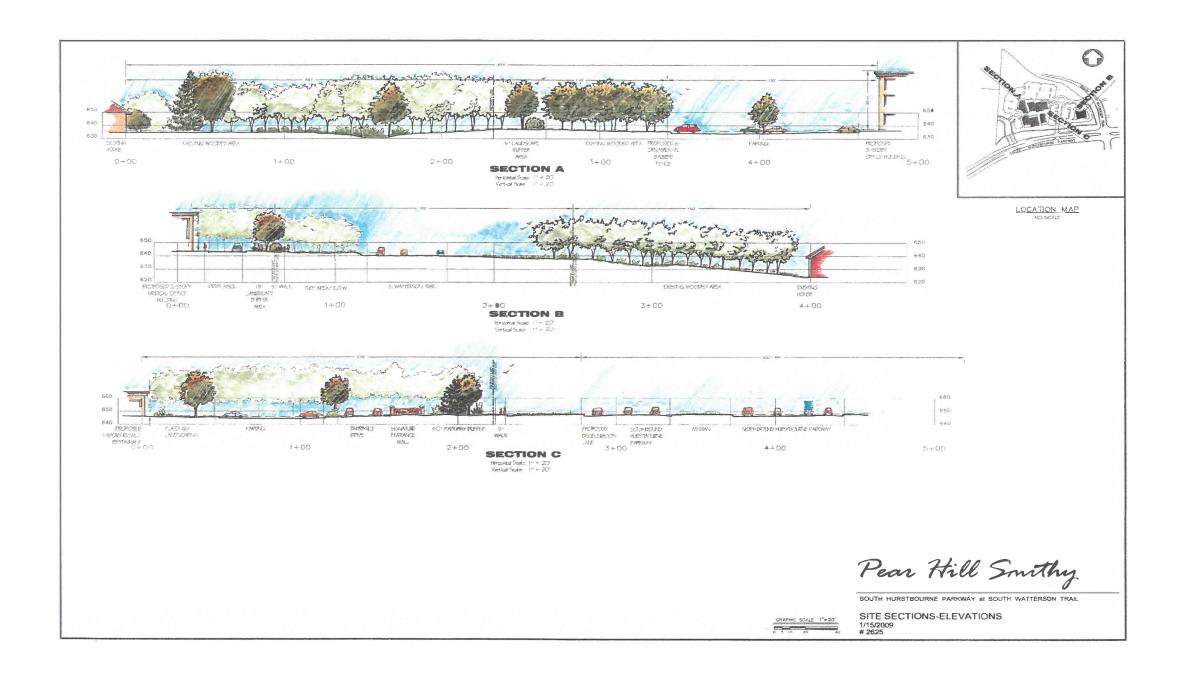
The PD Concept Plan depicts three access points to public roadways. Two points of ingress/egress are located on S. Hurstbourne Parkway and a single access point is proposed to S. Watterson Trail. The S.Hurstbourne Parkway access closest to the S. Hurstbourne Parkway/S. Watterson Trail intersection will function as a right-in/right-out access. These restricted access points are intended to protect the function of the S. Hurstbourne/S. Watterson Trail signalized intersection.

The S. Watterson Trail access will require improvements to the roadway shoulder will be required of the applicant to insure the appropriate line of sight for access to S. Watterson Trail. The westerly most access to S. Hurstbourne Parkway has been designed per the recommendation of the Kentucky Transportation Cabinet staff and includes construction of a left turn lane for east bound traffic and a deceleration lane for west bound traffic. This roadway will provide secondary access to the residential property west of the subject site.

A roundabout is proposed on-site to distribute traffic and provide a space for a landscape feature.

## c. Road Improvements

The site will be developed in accordance with the approved "Sight Distance Exhibit and Roadway Improvement Plan for South Watterson Trail" dated July 7,2009 or such other plan as may be thereafter approved by Louisville Metro Public Works \* in file at Louisville Metro Planning and Design Services for case # 10067. \*said approved plans shall be included



## d. Internal Vehicular Circulation & Parking

Parking lot circulation has been designed to promote safety and ease of movement through the site.

A drop-off has been included at the primary entrance of the commercial area. Another is proposed for the Medical/Commercial/Office building to provide immediate pedestrian access to the internal piazza.

The parking areas have been situated around the perimeter of the building/piazza foot print to emphasize pedestrian use of the site and minimize internal vehicular traffic.

## e. Landscaping

Landscape plant material will be installed within the S. Hurstbourne Parkway Landscape Buffer Area, (LBA); the S. Watterson Trail LBA; Street "A"; the access drives and along the westerly boundary bordering residential development. The proposed buffer areas and plantings will comply with and exceed the requirements of the Land Development Code. Native plant materials will be used where possible. Additional plant materials, including annuals and perennials, are proposed for the planting islands within the parking lot and planters within the piazza and around the buildings.

An ornamental barrier fence will be constructed between the tree-line and the parking lot. The fence will consist of stonework and materials similar to the architecture. Evergreen shrubs are proposed along the parking lot between the curb and fence to shield residential properties from cars moving through the site as well as vehicular movement to and from parking spaces. The existing tree stand will be supplemented with major deciduous trees and understory plant material where voids in the tree mass presently exist.

#### Tree Preservation:

A significant TCPA in excess is proposed along the northerly portion of the site. The existing tree stand will be supplemented with major deciduous trees and understory plant material where voids exist in the present mass. Tree canopy will be provided on site in accordance with the Land Development Code.

1,				

## Plant Materials:

Suggested plant materials for the woodland edge, parking lot and the parkway buffer include but are not limited to the following species:

Native Trees:	Understory Trees:	Parkway Trees:
Oak	Dogwood	Zelkova
Maple	Redbud	Willow Oak
Yellowwood	Magnolia	Linden
Kentucky Coffee Tree	Hawthorn	Maple
Evergreen Trees:	Shrubs:	Accent Trees:
Evergreen Trees: Cedar	Shrubs: Hydrangea	Accent Trees: Bald Cypress
Cedar	Hydrangea	Bald Cypress
Cedar Spruce	Hydrangea Viburnum	Bald Cypress Crabapple



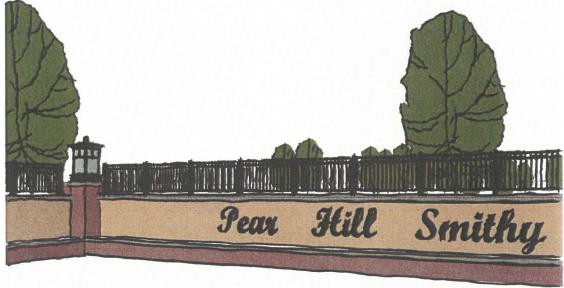
#### Landscape Buffer:

An ornamental barrier fence will be constructed between the tree-line and the parking lot. The fence will consist of materials similar to the architectural components of the buildings. Evergreen shrubs are proposed along the parking lot between the curb and fence to shield residential properties from cars moving through the site as well as in parking spaces. A significant amount of the tree mass along the north and west property lines will be preserved in a TCPA.

#### Signature Entrances:

4' tall Masonry walls and iron railing installed at the vehicular access drives will define the entry points, establish a sense of arrival and will reflect the architectural components of the primary buildings.

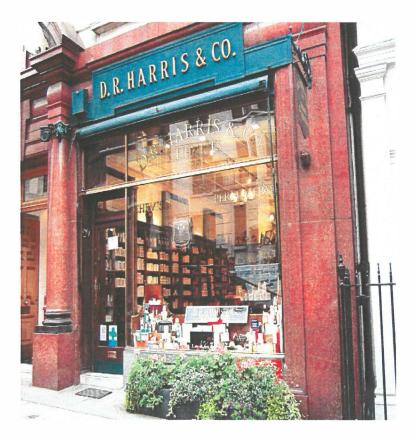




Proposed signs will be coordinated in a unified graphic system. The prominent signature entrance will serve as the primary means of defining the site for vehicular traffic on S. Hurstbourne Parkway and S. Watterson Trail.

A kiosk will provide a directory of shops and uses at the arrival points of the pedestrian piazza in close proximity to the tower. Signs for individual businesses will be minimal and will consist of façade signage with a unified graphic system of raised letters and painted letters. No internally lit business signs will be allowed.







### A. Awnings/Canopies

- 1. Awnings, when used, shall be installed so that the valance is at least 7'-6" above the sidewalk.
- 2. The width of a single awning shall extend the full width of the window and shall not exceed 40 feet
- 3. Canopies shall be at least 18" from the face of curb. Awnings shall not extend into the Streetscape Zone.



- B. Window signs are permitted within the PD (commercial uses), C-N, C-1, C-2, C-3 and C-M zoning districts. A use may display window signs so long as the aggregate area of such signs does not exceed 25% of total window area located on the ground floor of the building. For computation of area, window panels separated by muntins or mullions shall be considered as one continuous windowpane. Window signs shall not be considered attached signs.
- C. Specific Attached, Awning and Window Sign Restrictions:
  - A. Attached, Awning, Canopy and Marquee signs shall be permitted at a maximum total size of 60 square feet in area.
  - B. Multiple tenant buildings shall be permitted either an attached sign or a projecting sign for each tenant.
  - C. Pedestrian signs may be attached perpendicular to the facade extending no more than 4' from the face of the building and no larger than 2' in height.



### D. Building Facade Treatment

### 1. Lower Façades -

- A. When the ground floor use is commercial, at least 50% of the storefront shall consist of clear windows and doors that allow a view into the working areas, lobbies or display windows set into the wall.
- B. Principal entry doors shall be oriented toward the street/ piazza area and recessed, covered or otherwise clearly identifiable through the use of architectural design elements. Entry areas shall be well lighted.

### 2. Upper Façades

- A. Windows shall be individually distinguished through the use of sills, lintels, trim, or other architectural elements.
- B. Window proportions shall be designed so the vertical dimension is larger than the horizontal dimension.

### CORNICE DECORATIVE CORNICE MASONRY WALL UPPER FACADE WINDOW HQQ0\$ REGULARLY SPACED WINDOWS STOREFRONT CORNICE TRANSOM MASONRY PIER STOREFRONT DISPLAY WINDOW BULKHEAD

# TRADITIONAL FACADE COMPONENTS

### f. **Lighting**

Building lighting will be mounted on the exterior walls to provide general illumination around the buildings as well as to highlight each retail/restaurant or office entry. Pole mounted lighting will be

utilized throughout the parking areas. Lighting levels will be in accordance with lighting regulations stated in current Land Development Code.

The piazza area will have a circular fountain with integral lighting to illuminate the fountain. The piazza area will also incorporate lighting to provide general illumination.



Wall Mounted

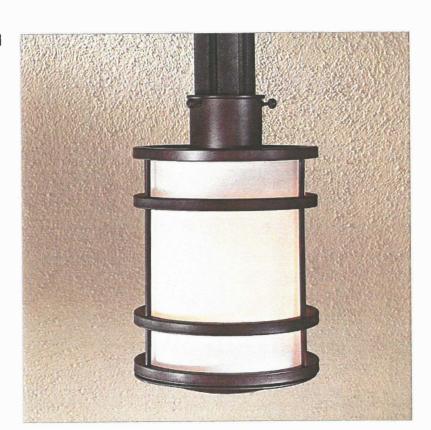


Pedestrian & Parking lot areas



Wall Mounted





Pedestrian Areas

## g. Materials

Building materials will consist of stone, steel details, stained wood & brick veneers. Other materials will include composite wood trim, brick & stone paving, metal & fabric awnings, stained & textured concrete, composite wood cladding & stone trim. Doors & windows will be comprised of anodized aluminum storefront as well as wood & steel. Several areas throughout the development will incorporate wrought iron/black iron & exposed steel to highlight the artistry of blacksmithing as well as provide provenance and identity to the site.



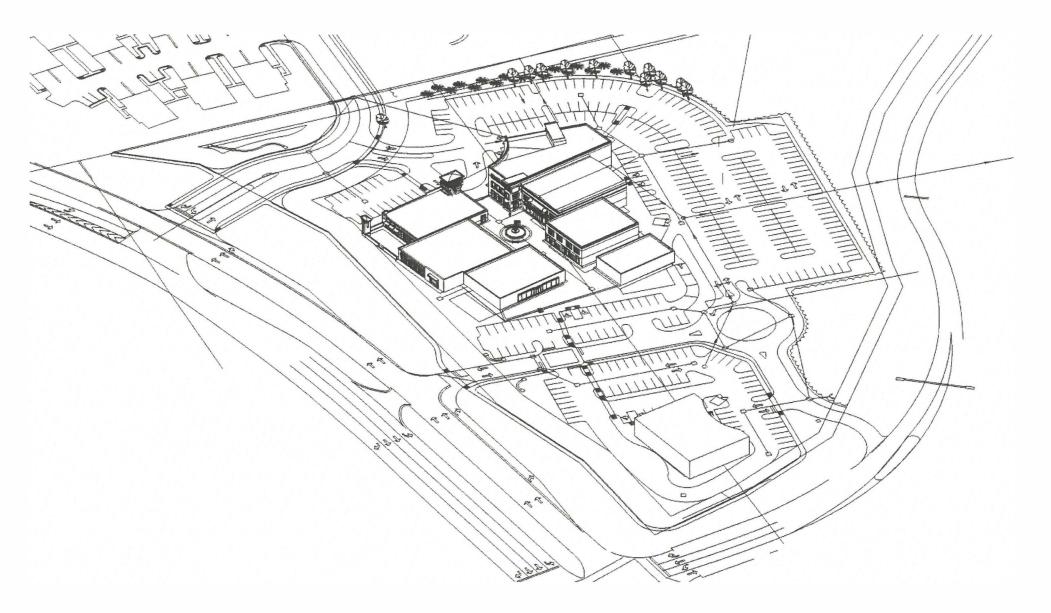






Conceptual images

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Conceptual Aerial View Looking NW



### A Blacksmith's Prayer

My fire is extinct, And my forge is decayed, By the side of the bench My old vise is laid.

My anvil and hammer Lie gathering dust, My powerful bellows Have lost all their thrust.

My coal is now spent, My iron's all gone, My last nail's been driven, And my day's work is done.

-- Unknown

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# Binding Elements

- The development shall be in accordance with the approved PD-Development Plan and binding elements unless amended pursuant to the Land Development Code. Modifications to the binding element(s) shall be submitted to the Planning Commission or its designee for review and approval; any modifications not so shall not be valid
- N Prior to development (includes clearing and grading) of the site or phase of this project, the applicant Each plan shall be in adequate detail and subject to additional binding elements or property owner shall obtain approval of a detailed development plan in accordance with Chapter
- ω No outdoor advertising signs, pennants, balloons, or banners shall be permitted on the site
- 4 Construction fencing shall be erected when off-site trees or tree canopy exists within 3' of a common property line. Fencing shall be in place prior to any grading or construction to protect the existing root systems from compaction. The fencing shall enclose the entire area beneath the tree canopy and shall remain in place until all construction is completed. No parking, material storage or construction activities are permitted within the
- 5 alteration permit or demolition permit): Prior to issuance of a permit (including but not limited to building, parking lot, change of use, site disturbance,
- а The development plan must receive full construction approval from Louisville Metro Department of Inspections
- 0 Permits and Licenses, Louisville Metro Public Works and the Metropolitan Sewer District. The property owner/developer must obtain approval of a detailed development plan for screening (buffering/landscaping) as described in Chapter 10 prior to requesting a building permit. Such plaimplemented prior to occupancy of the site and shall be maintained thereafter. Such plan shall be
- 0 Preservation Plan in accordance with Chapter 10 of the LDC shall be reviewed and approved prior to approval for site disturbance
- 0 Planning Commission. A certificate of occupancy must be received from the appropriate code enforcement department prior to occupancy of the structure or land for the proposed use. All binding elements requiring action and approval must be implemented prior to requesting issuance of the certificate of occupancy, unless specifically waived by the
- 7 responsible for compliance with these binding elements assignees, contractors, subcontractors, and other parties engaged in development of the site, shall be elements. them of the content of these binding elements. These binding elements shall run with the land and the owner of the property and occupant of the property shall at all times be responsible for compliance with these binding purchasers, contractors, subcontractors and other parties engaged in development of this site and shall advise them of the content of these binding elements. These binding elements shall run with the land and the owner c The applicant, developer, At all times during development of the site, the applicant and developer, or property owner shall provide copies of these binding elements to tenants, their heirs, successors
- Ω An original stamped copy of the approved Tree Preservation Plan shall be present on site during all clearing, grading, and construction activity and shall be made available to any DPDS inspector or enforcement officer upon
- 9 The materials and design of proposed structures shall be substantially the same as depicted in the Pattern Book as presented at the August 6, 2009 Planning Commission meeting.
- 10. proposed entrance. The fee-in-lieu shall be calculated per the approved construction plans and must be paid prior to construction approval by Louisville Metro Public Works. The sidewalk fee-in-lieu is being applied for the sidewalk requirement along South Watterson Trail north of the
- <u>그</u> Per the approved road improvement exhibit dated 08/05/09 and Metro Public Works requirements and standards applicant shall provide the following:
- South Watterson Trail shall be improved along the property frontage to provide 14' from centerline pavement widening (minimum 2' widening) and 6-8' shoulders per metro public works standards.
- 8 A southbound right turn taper shall be constructed at the proposed entrance. Southbound Watterson Trail
- C shall be restriped to provide bike lane striping and a northbound left turn lane into the proposed entrance. The existing slope along South Watterson Trail shall be re-graded to provide appropriate sight distance provide to Public Works' direction. to provide appropriate sight distance per

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- At the eastern Hurstbourne Parkway proposed entrance, a 150' right turn lane with a 100' taper shall be constructed. The existing center median curb cut will be closed and the median restored. At the western Hurstbourne Parkway proposed entrance, a 150' right turn lane with a 100' taper shall be o.
- constructed. The existing median will be modified to create a left turn lane. The dimensions of this left turn lane and taper will be determined during construction plan review by the Kentucky Transportation Cabinet. The height of the grass median along Hurstbourne Parkway shall be reduced to improve sight distance per the Kentucky Transportation Cabinet's direction. ш
- and issuance of MPW encroachment permit. Developer shall not request a certificate of occupancy until road Developer shall be responsible for any required utility relocations, final surface overlay, signage, and striping associated with required road improvements to Hurstbourne Parkway and South Watterson Trail. Construction plans, bond, and KTC permit are required by Metro Public Works prior to construction approval improvements are complete
- Devices (MUTCD) requirements. Street signs shall be installed prior to the recording of the subdivision record plat or occupancy of the first residence or building on the street and shall be in place at the time of any required bond release. The address number shall be displayed on a structure prior to requesting a certificate All street signs shall be installed by the Developer and shall conform to the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control of occupancy for that structure. <del>1</del>3
- surrounding access road to the subdivision site due to damages caused by construction traffic activities. An encroachment permit and bond may be required by Metro Public Works for roadway repairs on all 4.
- Landscaping within the parkway buffer will exceed Chapter 10 requirements by 25%.
- A masonry wall, similar to the building materials as the development, 50 feet in length and 8 feet tall shall be constructed at the edge of the parking lot nearest to the Johnson property northwest of the subject site. The applicant shall work with staff on the final location of the wall. Final location of the wall shall be shown on the detailed plan. 16.

