Louisville Metro Planning Commission Public Hearing - March 4, 2021 (notice provided to all existing mobile home residents for Public Hearing)

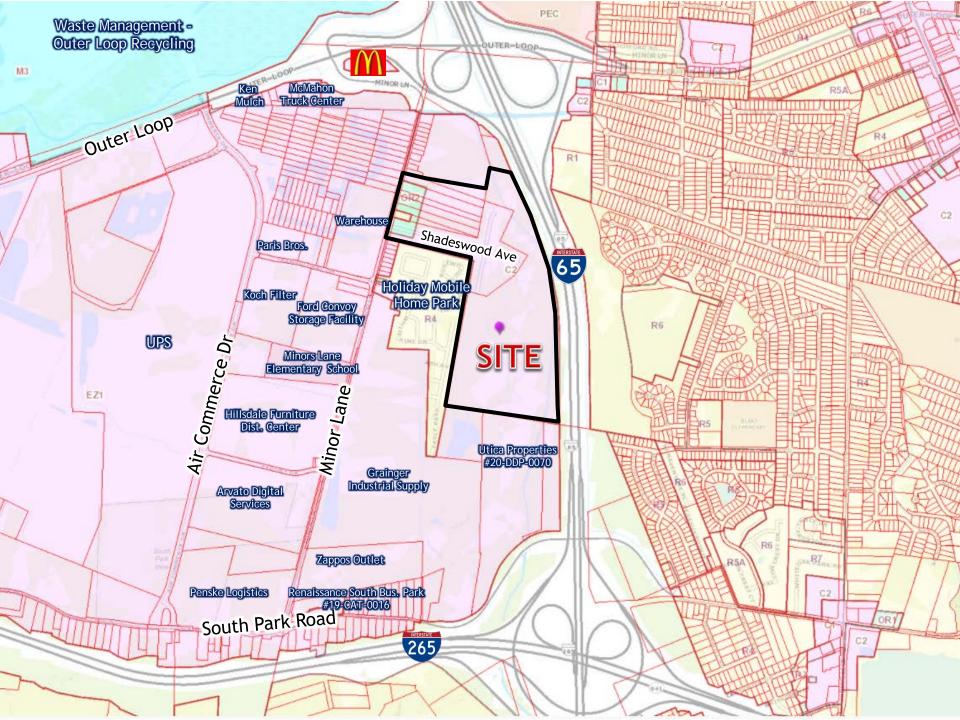
Louisville Metro Land Transportation & Development Committee - January 14, 2021 & February 11, 2021 Neighborhood Meetings - June 24, 2020 & October 15, 2020

Docket No. 20-ZONE-0120

Change in zoning from C-2, OR-2 & R-4 to EZ-1 to allow an office/warehouse facility on property located at 8105, 8107, 8111, 8113, 8117, 8119 & 8201 Minor Lane and 3 parcels without an address

c/o Barrington Investment Company, LLC

Attorneys: Bardenwerper Talbott & Roberts, PLLC Land Planners, Landscape Architects & Engineers: Land Design & Development, Inc. Traffic Engineer: Diane B. Zimmerman Traffic Engineering, LLC

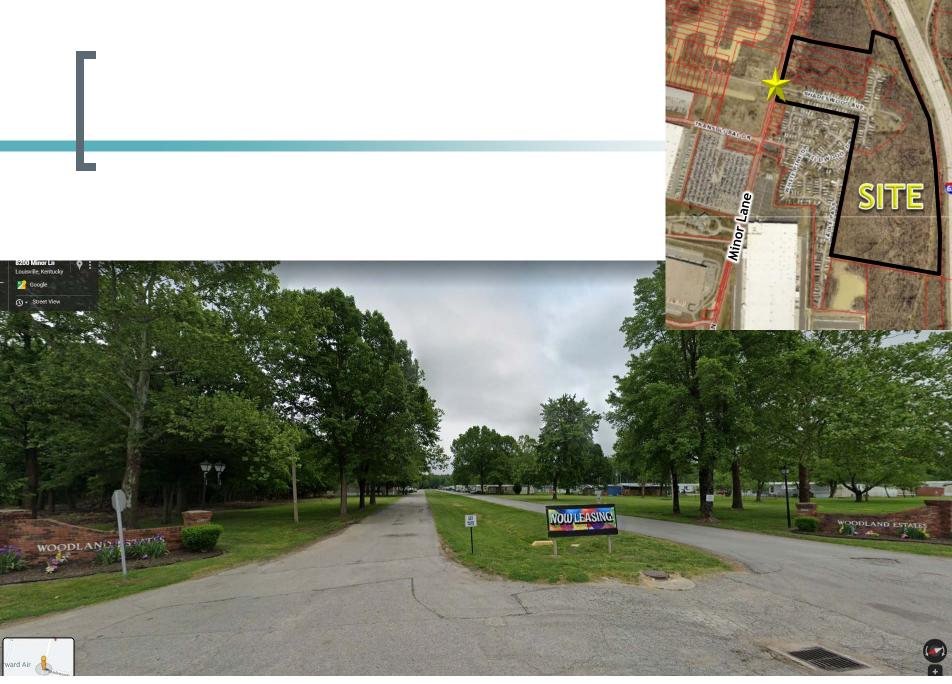




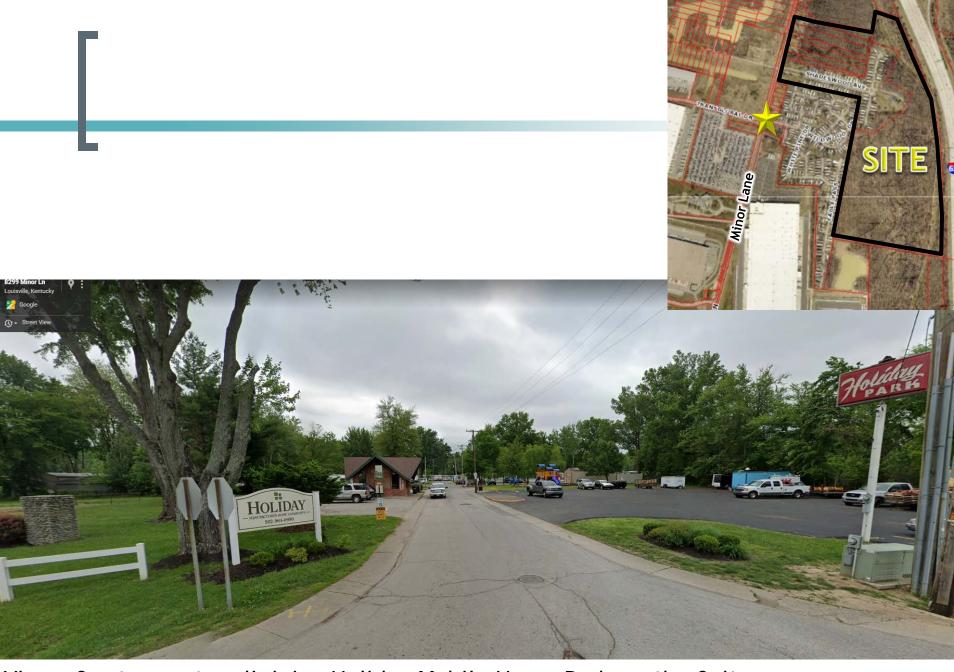


Woodland Estates Mobile Home Park 89 total spaces; 80 total occupied with homes 37 owned by applicant with the home leased 43 owned by individuals with space leased



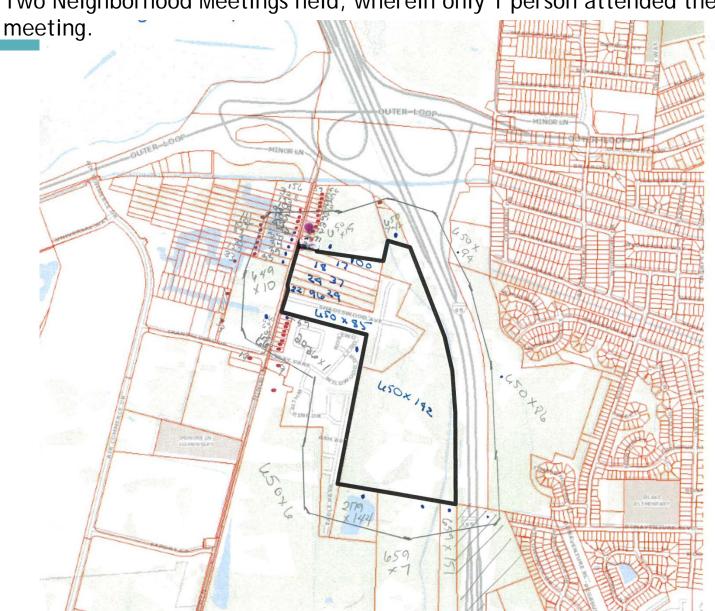


View of site at entrance to Woodland Estates Mobile Home Park.



View of entrance to adjoining Holiday Mobile Home Park south of site.

Adjoining property owner notice list map wherein 84 neighbors plus those on the DPDS "interested party list" were invited to the neighborhood meetings and subsequent LD&Ts and Planning Commission public hearing. Two Neighborhood Meetings held, wherein only 1 person attended the first





Previous plan shown at 1/28/21 LD&T with loading docks facing neighboring mobile home park

Current plan with loading docks facing north and east

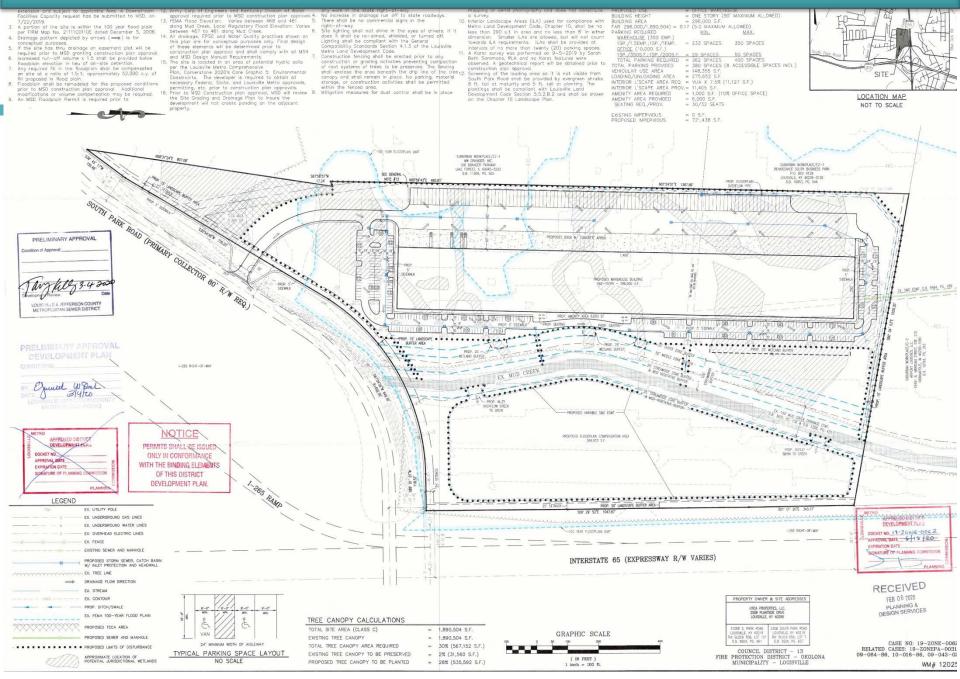






#19-ZONE-0062

Approved development plan in case #19-ZONE-0062 south of site





Mobile Home Park Closing Protocol





Park Closure

aka

Help! My Manufactured Home Community is Being Sold to A Developer!

A manufactured home community resident makes a panic call to the local T.V. news troubleshooter, "my park is being sold to a developer. I'm elderly and on a fixed income, and I own an older home which no other community will accept. This has been my home for 30 years and I don't have any place to go. Please help me!" This phenomena occurs daily in manufactured home communities across America, and is the result of a complex confluence of interrelated, yet mutually independent circumstances, coming together like a "perfect storm", where a series of events culminates in an environment for major change, which in this case is the closure of a rental community and redevelopment of the vacated land.

Several factors have merged in the oft depressed and volatile market place of M.H., to affect this change, for example:

- Many M.H. communities built 25-30 years ago, are physically and functionally obsolete, characterized by inadequate site sizes for newer homes, and worn out infrastructure.
- These communities, often times constructed on the edge of town, now find themselves in the heart of development sprawl featuring new shopping centers, office complexes and housing developments.

- Overly aggressive and abusive lending practices of the past, along with an
 enormous amount of entry-level, stick-built housing constructed and financed at
 record low interest rates, has created vacancies in M.H. communities, stealing
 away the industry's traditional markets: young married couples, and retirees.
- Finally, and perhaps most important, the past poor performance of the stock
 market, low interest rates, and increased liquidity of real estate investments via
 REITS (real estate investment trusts) has generated a rising and perennial
 demand for real estate development and investment manifested in a voracious
 appetite for well-located land for new development.

Economic Feasibility and Financial Considerations

When a manufactured housing community owner receives a lucrative offer to purchase his/her property, or there's a realization the investment is not achieving economic investment goals, or that needed infrastructure improvements and community modernization are simply too costly to justify the expenditure, it is time to examine the feasibility of the existing and potential value of the income producing property as an operating entity vs. potential value of the property as vacant land for sale or redevelopment. Some considerations are as follows:

- Evaluate the economic life of the property, paying particular attention to
 existing physical, functional and economic obsolescence then, place a value on
 the manufactured housing community as an ongoing concern or business.
- Determine demand and value of the land (assuming the manufactured housing community is closed and land vacant). Important considerations here are the

Community Closure; Westwood, LLC 2

TORRES HOLD SUMMIT ON PARK Crittengen's Manufactured Housing Community Report____ San Diego Community Owner Prepares for Change of Use PARK CLOSURE As the city pushes for redevelopment of four mobile home parks, some resign Arizona Republic, The (Phoenix, AZ) AUGUST 2005 THE INDIANAPOLIS STAR -MOBILE-HOME OWNERS FACE EVICTION to change, but others you to fight PARK OPERATORS SELL LAND FOR PROPIT By KELLEY BENMAN. 148CO w Growth will eliminate Community Closings Are Making Headlines several trailer parks. Trailer park ousted AZ, 07/05 (Newszap Arizona) Park Place residents were given construction of the Cave Creek c warehouse facility. **BLUEPRINT FOR PARK CLOSURES** TOURN The paradigm has shifted "As land becomes more and more valuable here in the state, any landowner has to wonder. Is this the right use for my land?" FF for IDAHO — NEVADA — UTAH Costco Court backs city vs. homeowners ARE COMMUNITIES Housing Fair Scheduled for Plainfield AT A CROSSROADS?

More and more knowny feathers on permusky content an general are beginning. Westwood and Shrum Mobile Home Park Residents Moved by Property Owners \geq THE St. Petersburg Times MANUFACTURED HOME PARK Student film portrays MANUFACTURED HUNLE PARK
HOUSING NEWSLETTER
MIN 2006 plight of Wal-Mart MOBILEHOME PARK CLOSURES vs. mobile home park ck of Affordable Housing, Continue To Attract Media Attention

14 News From FMHA, Vol. 05 A'S 15 (08/15/05)

Boom leveling mobile hom objections. Boom leveling mobile home part Waterfront trailer parks are history, and that's OK GFA7156@aol.com Thursday, August 18, 2005 2:44 PM By PAMELA HASTEROK Sent: FRESH TALK Rick Roethke Daylora Beach New-Journal On-Line Subject: Fwd: FW: Closing Statutes and Relocation Costs The trend worries housing experts and some elected officials who say the suburbs lack affordable housing. For years, manufactured home parks have been an option for buyers who can't afford conventional houses or pricey condos. As those parks close and home prices continue to increase, more

Mobile Home Park Closing Protocol

- Notices sent to residents announcing the mobile home park closure and timetable for the closure, with significant lead time provided for residents to make arrangements. The notice will provide a detailed explanation of the reason for the closure.
- A meeting is scheduled with all residents with a detailed presentation that focuses on the timing and process of the closure. At the meeting, packets are handed out that include frequently asked questions, along with a list of companies that residents can call to assist with the relocation. Residents shall be provided 14-days notice of the meeting.
- Immediately following this meeting there is a housing fair at the same location featuring vendors from all aspects for housing, including, nearby mobile home parks, mobile home dealers, apartment complexes, traditional home builders, mobile home transport companies, lenders, real estate brokers, and housing assistance resources for qualifying residents, etc.

Mobile Home Park Closing Protocol

- A direct hot line to the housing counselor and dedicated e-mail contact shall be provided to assist the residents as may be needed.
- After the above, a formal legal notice to the residents of the closure date, and the necessity to be relocated by that date, is provided as required by Kentucky law.
- Formal notice is then sent to the applicable local and state governing bodies informing them of the closure and the proposed date thereof.
- The on-site manager and on-site maintenance personnel will continue to be at the normal office throughout the closing process to facilitate the resident relocation process.
- Throughout the closure process, the developer shall maintain the park, and remove abandoned homes and debris left behind.
- Provide advance notice to the police and fire department about the upcoming park closure with the anticipated timeline for same.

Proposed Additional Binding Elements

- 6. Prior to requesting a permit for any portion of the development for any area within the residential community at 8201 Minor Lane, as shown on the approved plan, including but not limited to building, parking lot, change of use, clearing/grading, site disturbance, alteration permit, or demolition permit:
 - The developer and/or property owner shall host a meeting with all residents of the property. Notice of this meeting shall be given to owners and/or occupants of each unit 14 days in advance of the meeting. A copy of this notice shall also be provided to Planning and Design Services. At this meeting, the developer and/or owner shall state the intent to close the park, identify the earliest date at which closure will begin, and provide contact information for themselves or other persons involved in the closure and relocation.
 - A "housing counselor(s)" or other individual(s) with similar experience in local housing services shall be employed or retained to evaluate, document, and provide resources to each occupant (and their families) to assist with relocation. The two existing on-site managers may act in the capacity of housing counselors. Upon conclusion of this outreach, the counselors shall provide documentation for the case record which states the time period of the outreach effort, summarizes services and resources provided, and indicates how many, if any, declined counseling.
 - c. A direct line to an on-site manager shall also be provided to each occupant(s) and Planning and Design Services staff. The on-site manager shall be responsible for ensuring the property is maintained in good condition during relocation and assist the housing counselor(s). The on-site manager, if experienced in local housing services, may serve as the housing counselor.

Proposed Additional Binding Elements

- Local fire and police districts having jurisdiction shall be notified of the closure prior to the first meeting with residents. Developer shall attempt to establish a contact person with both the local fire and police.
- e. Units and their associated structures or improvements shall be removed promptly after the occupant(s) vacates the premises. All unoccupied units owned by the developer and unoccupied units where ownership is relinquished in writing shall be removed within 6 weeks of the end of occupancy. The developer shall commence the judicial abandonment process for all resident owned abandoned units within 1 week of the end of occupancy and proceed expeditiously through the process and removal of the unit. Any units where disposal is delayed shall have windows and doors boarded.
- The on-site maintenance employee shall be available during the closure process to work with the residents to coordinate the utility disconnections to allow the resident to move the unit. Any combustible or dangerous chemicals/items shall be removed upon departure of residents.
- In addition to the elements cited above, all other requirements of applicable local, state, and federal law shall be met.
- 7. Closure and relocation as provided for in Binding Element # 6 shall not occur during a State of Emergency (COVID-19).



November 10, 2020

Traffic Impact Study

Warehouse Complex Minor Lane Louisville, KY

Prepared for

Louisville Metro Planning Commission



Table 2. Peak Hour Level of Service

Approach	A.M.			P.M.		
	2018 Existing	2022 No Build	2022 Build	2018 Existing	2022 No Build	2022 Build
Outer Loop at Minor Lane	B 17.5	C 28.5	C 33.8	C 21.5	C 28.9	C 28.7
Outer Loop Westbound	B 17.5	C 22.5	C 21.5	C 21.0	D 37.7	D 36.7
Outer Loop Eastbound	B 18.8	C 22.7	C 22.7	B 16.6	B 19.5	B 19.5
Minor Lane Northbound	B 19.3	C 22.2	C 22.0	B 16.1	B 19.3	B 20.0
I 65 Ramp Southbound	B 15.7	D 40.3	E 55.7	C 29.1	C 29.3	C 31.2
Minor Lane at Entrance (North)						
Entrance Westbound			C 15.0			C 24.5
Minor Lane Southbound			A 9.4			B 11.2
Minor Lane at Entrance (South)						
Entrance Westbound		i k	B 14.7		2	C 22.8
Minor Lane Southbound			A 9.4			B 10.9

Key: Level of Service, Delay in seconds per vehicle

The entrance was evaluated for turn lanes using the Kentucky Transportation Cabinet <u>Highway Design Guidance Manual</u> dated July, 2020. Left turn lanes are required at the entrances.

CONCLUSIONS

Based upon the volume of traffic generated by the development and the amount of traffic forecasted for the year 2022, there will be a manageable impact to the existing highway network, with Levels of Service remaining within acceptable limits. The delays experienced in the area will increase within acceptable limits. Left turn lanes will be required at the entrances.



Proposed future I-265 interchange

Trip Gen Analysis

		Using ITE 10th Edition				
Actual Developm		AM	PM			
Tract 1A	18,000	934	723	588		
Tract 1 B	300,000	150	61	64		
Tract 2	400,000	150	73	76		
Tract 4	90,000	150	36	39		
Tract 7						
Tract 12	696,000	150	109	111		
Tract 15	324,012	150	64	67		
Tract 17						
Tract 19	352,800	150	68	70		
UPS	1,016,000	150	147	150		
Tract 6	1,462,589	150	205	207		
Tract 5A	310,000	150	63	65		
Tract 5B	625,000	150	100	103		
Tract 6 JAM	324,400	150	64	67		
	1,713	1,607				
3201 South Park	412,000		75	77		
	PEAK HOUR	TOTAL	1,788	1,684		

Proposed turn lane on Minor Lane



LRZC Built Out 2026 Traffic Impact Study Exhibit

Figure 1 - Development Location Map

